Exhibit 3

Exhibit 3

Latia Alexander, et al.

V.

Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, et al.

Transcript of

James Bertuccini

Volume I

July 12, 2024



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Latia Alexander, et al. v. Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, et al.

1	Page 1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
2	DISTRICT OF NEVADA				
3					
4	LATIA ALEXANDER, individually as heir) of ISAIAH T. WILLIAMS and in her) capacity as Special Administrator of) the Estate of ISAIAH T. WILLIAMS,)				
5					
6	Plaintiff,)CASE NO.				
7)2:24-cv-00074- v.)APG-NJK				
8	LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE)				
9	DEPARTMENT, a political subdivision) of the State of Nevada; KERRY KUBLA,) in his individual capacity; BRICE) CLEMENTS, in his individual capacity;) ALEX GONZALES, in his individual) capacity; RUSSELL BACKMAN, in his) individual capacity; JAMES) ROTHENBURG, in his individual)				
10					
11					
12					
13					
14	inclusive,)				
15	Defendants.)				
16					
17	7 VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF JAMES BERTUCCINI				
18	Taken on Friday, July 12, 2024				
19	At 9:04 a.m.				
20	At 400 South Seventh Street				
21	Las Vegas, Nevada				
22					
23					
24	Job No. 56849, Firm No. 116F				
25	Reported by: Tracy A. Manning, CCR 785				

Latia Alexander, et al. v. Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, et al.

		2		4
1	APPEARANCES:		1	JULY 12, 2024
2			2	
3	For the Plaintiff:		3	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Good morning. This
4	BREEDEN & ASSOCIATES, PLLC		l -	<u> </u>
_	BY: ADAM J. BREEDEN, ESQ.		4	begins digital media No. 1 in the deposition of
5	7432 West Sahara Avenue		5	James Bertuccini. Today's date is July 12th, 2024.
_	Suite 101		6	The time on the video monitor is 9:04 a.m. We are
6	Las Vegas, Nevada 89117 Adam@Breedenandassociates.com		7	located at 400 South Seventh Street in Las Vegas,
7	(702) 819-7770		8	Nevada.
8	(702) 619-7770		9	This case is entitled Latia Alexander, et
9	For the Defendants:		10	al. versus Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department
10	MARQUIS AURBACH		-	
	BY: CRAIG R. ANDERSON, ESQ.		11	et al. The case number is 2:24-cv-00074-APG-NJK.
11	10001 Park Run Drive		12	It's being held in United States District Court,
	Las Vegas, Nevada 89145		13	District of Nevada.
12	canderson@maclaw.com		14	My name is Dawn Beck, legal videographer.
	(702) 382-0711		15	The court reporter is Tracy Manning. We represent
13			16	Lexitas. Will counsel please state your appearance
14				
15	The Videographer: Dawn Beck		17	for the record and who you represent.
16			18	MR. BREEDEN: This is attorney Adam
17 18			19	Breeden for the plaintiffs.
19			20	MR. ANDERSON: Craig Anderson for the
20			21	defendants.
21			22	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Thank you. Would the
22			23	
23			1	court reporter please swear in the witness.
24			24	
25			25	
		3		
1	INDEX	_	1	
2	WITNESS	PAGE	1	JAMES BERTUCCINI
3	JAMES BERTUCCINI	11102	2	having been duly sworn,
4			3	was examined and testified as follows:
5			4	
6	Examination by Mr. Breeden	5	5	EXAMINATION
7			6	BY MR. BREEDEN:
8			-	- : : :
9	EXHIBITS		7	Q. Morning, sir. Can you please state your
10	NUMBER	PAGE	8	name for the court reporter, and go ahead and spell
11	1 Photocopies of equipment, Bates	34	9	your full names as well?
	stamped WILLIAMS 000793 -		10	A. It's James Bertuccini. That's J-a-m-e-s.
12	WILLIAMS 000797, 5 pages		11	Bertuccini is B-e-r-t-u-c-c-i-n-i.
13	2 Defense Technology equipment, 1 page	40	12	Q. Officer Bertuccini, on January 10th of
14	3 Excerpt of State of Nevada,	81	13	2022, were you a police officer assigned to the SWAT
15	Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training, Performance Objective		1	
10	Reference Material, pages 12 and 13		14	unit for Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department?
16	of 58, 2 pages		15	A. Yes, sir.
17	4 Excerpt, photocopy of SWAT briefing,	94	16	Q. In the performance of your job as a police
	Bates stamped LVMPD 004377, 1 page,		17	officer, do you agree with me that you have a duty
18	Confidential		18	to conduct yourself such that you do not violate the
19	5 Excerpt from Las Vegas Metropolitan	150	19	
	Police Department, Special Weapons		1	civil rights of members of the public?
20	and Tactics, Bates stamped		20	A. Yes, sir.
	LVMPD 001508, 1 page		21	 Q. You also agree with me that if you see
21			22	other officers violating the civil rights of the
22			23	public, you actually have a duty to intervene and
23			24	stop that officer?
24			25	•
25			25	A. Yes, sir.



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Q. Back up a little bit.

My name is Adam Breeden. I'm the attorney for a woman, Latia Alexander, who has filed a lawsuit against you, several other officers, and the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, arising out of a SWAT action that resulted in the death of her son, Isaiah Williams, on January 10th of 2022.

Do you understand the reason why you're here this morning is to give your deposition testimony in that case?

- A. Yes, sir, I do.
- 12 Q. Have you ever given deposition testimony 13 before?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. How many occasions? 15
- A. One time. 16
- 17 Q. I'm going to ask you a little bit about 18 that later in this deposition. I do want to go over the rules or admonitions for the depositions, for 19 20 you at this time, even though you've been through 21 the process before.

22 The oath that was administered to you by 23 the court reporter to your left, my right, is the 24 same oath that you would take in a court of law. 25 And it obligates you to tell the truth under penalty 1 and I'll be happy to do that for you.

2 During today's deposition, you always need to give an audible answer out loud or verbal, such 4 as a yes or a no. You've done an excellent job so 5 far. But please do not shake your head up and down 6 or side to side or use slang terms, such as uh-huh 7 or uh-uh if you mean yes or no. If you do something 8 like that, I'll probably ask you to clarify what you 9 meant by your response, just so it's clear when 10 later we go back and look at the transcript what 11 your response was.

Also, as a general rule during today's deposition, and again, you've done an excellent job 14 so far, please try not to speak at the same time anyone else is speaking. There are several reasons I ask you to do that, but one is because it is difficult for the court reporter to accurately take down what two people are saying at the same time. Can you do all that for me?

- A. Absolutely, yes, sir.
- Q. During today's deposition, one of the attorneys may object to a question that's asked. I want to explain to you how objections work during a deposition, because they work a little differently than what people may have seen in a courtroom or on

of perjury today; do you understand that?

- A. Yes, sir, I do.
- Q. Your deposition is also being videotaped today. And your testimony may be played or read for the jury at trial; do you understand that?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. The court reporter is taking down everything that's said today, all of my questions and your answers, and any other comments that are made. And afterward, she'll put everything in a booklet or a transcript form. After the deposition, you have an opportunity to review the transcript and make changes to your testimony if you wish.

However, I would advise you in advance that if you make a substantive change to your testimony, as opposed to just correcting a grammatical error or a typographical error, I would still have the right to comment on the fact that you said one thing here today during your deposition, and then later you changed it; do you understand that?

- 22 A. Yes, sir, I do.
- 23 Q. It is important for us to get a good 24 record today. If you don't understand any of my questions, please ask me to repeat or rephrase them

TV. 1

During a deposition, you can see we don't have a judge here to immediately rule on objections. Therefore, if I ask a question that your attorney thinks an objection needs to be stated for, he will 6 state the objection and the basis for the objection, and then we'll still all look to you to give a response. And then later, if the judge needs to 9 rule on whether your response is admissible or not 10 in court, the judge can do so. I explain that, 11 because it confuses many people during the 12 deposition process. They hear an objection, and they believe, oh, I'm not supposed to respond 13 14 because my attorney has objected. But generally, 15 the opposite is true.

If I ask you some question that is truly protected by a privilege and your attorney does not want you to respond, I'm sure he will make that very clear to you on the record, and the basis for him asserting that privilege; do you understand that?

- A. Yes, sir.
- 22 Q. Do you have any questions for me as to how 23 we're going to proceed today?
 - A. No, sir.
 - Q. Have you consumed any alcoholic beverages

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in the last 24 hours? 1 draft report? 2

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- A. No. sir. 2
- 3 Q. I don't need to know a lot of your medical
- history, and I'm not trying to pry into your 4
- personal medical history, but I do want to know if
- you have taken any sort of drug, including
- prescription medications, in the last 48 hours?
- A. Prescription medication, I've taken 8
- 9 Gabapentin for nerve pain.
- Q. Okay. And have you been on that 10 prescription medication for six months or longer? 11
- 12 A. No.
- Q. Okay. How long have you been on that 13 medication? 14
- 15 A. Last four days.
- 16 Q. And do you believe that medication has
- affected your memory or your ability to testify in 17
- 18 any manner? 19
 - A. No, sir. It's not a controlled substance.
- 20 Q. Do you have any medical condition, an
- 21 extreme example would be dementia or Alzheimer's,
- that you believe may affect your memory or your
- ability to accurately testify here today?
- 24 A. No, sir.
- 25 Q. How would you rate your memory at this

- A. I believe it was the CIRT final review.
- Q. Okay. And there's only been one other
- 4 deposition taken in this case. That was of Officer
- Gonzales earlier this week. You didn't sit through 5
- 6 that deposition, did you?
- 7 A. No, sir.
- 8 Q. Did you discuss with Officer Gonzales what
- 9 he testified to on Monday?
 - A. No, sir, I have not.
- 11 Q. Have you reviewed a transcript of that 12 proceeding?
 - A. I didn't read it, no, sir.
 - Q. Again, before we get into your background
- 15 here, just to tell you, the deposition will likely
- 16 last three to four hours. If you need to take a
- 17 break, just let me know. I always like to admonish
- 18 witnesses, though, because this is a bit of an
- 19 unusual rule. They treat this deposition proceeding
- 20 as if you were actually testifying in court. So if
- we take a break, exchanges that you have with your 21
- 22 attorney are not protected by attorney-client
- 23 privilege. So you can't discuss anything
- 24 substantive or anything that you would not want
- 25 disclosed to me during breaks; do you understand

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- time of the events of January 10th of 2022? Do you
- believe you have a good memory?
- 3 A. Yes, sir.
- Q. What, if anything, have you done 4
- specifically to prepare for today's deposition?
 - A. I sat down with my attorney, sir.
- 7 Q. Okay. When did you sit down with your
- 8 attorney?

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- A. Yesterday. 9
- 10 Q. How long did you meet with your attorney?
- 11 A. Maybe an hour, sir.
- Q. Did you review any documents? 12
- 13 A. Yes, sir.
- Q. What documents did you review? 14
- A. My statements, my CIRT and FIT statements. 15
- Q. Any other documents you reviewed? 16
- 17 A. No, sir.
- 18 Q. Other than your attorney, did you meet
- 19 with any other person or speak to any other person,
- 20 for example, some of the other officers that have
- been sued about the fact that you're going to
- 22 testify and what you're going to testify to?
- 23 A. To be honest, no, sir, I have not.
- 24 Q. Have you reviewed any expert report that's
- been prepared for this litigation, even if it's a

1 that?

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- 2 A. Yes, sir, I understand.
- 3 Q. All right. How old are you?
 - A. I'm 45, sir.
- Q. And what city and state were you born in? 5
- 6 A. Las Vegas, Nevada.
- 7 Q. Have you ever lived outside of Las Vegas?
- 8 A. No, sir. Outside of going to college.
- 9 Q. We'll talk about that in a minute. But
- 10 your residence has always been Las Vegas, Nevada?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- 12 Q. Have you ever been convicted of a crime?
- 13 A. No. sir.
 - Q. Let's talk about your education. What
- 15 year did you graduate high school?
 - A. 1997.
- 17 Q. And from what high school, city and state?
 - A. Cheyenne High School; Las Vegas, Nevada.
- 19 Q. What education past high school have you
- 20 had?
- 21 A. I have an Associate's Degree.
- 22 Q. From what institution?
 - A. CSN.
- 24 Q. Is that in Clark County, Nevada?
 - A. Yes, sir.



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1 Q. And when did you obtain that Associate's 2 Degree? 3

3 A. 2000, sir.

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Q. Did you have a particular major or area of study?

A. Liberal Arts and Criminal Justice.

7 Q. After graduating from CSN, did you have 8 any other formal education?

A. Yes, sir. I went to the University of New 9 10

Q. Is that in New Haven, Connecticut?

12 A. Yes. sir.

13 Q. That's quite a shift for somebody who's

born and raised in Las Vegas. Why did you choose to

go to the University of New Haven?

A. I got offered a baseball scholarship, sir.

Q. And so what years did you attend the 17

18 University of New Haven?

A. I believe it was 2000 to 2002.

20 Q. And did you graduate or receive a degree?

21 A. No, sir, I did not.

Q. Did you have a particular major or area of 22

study, other than the practice of baseball? 23

24 A. Criminal justice, sir.

25 Q. And what was the reason you did not or training in the legal field? For example, as a

paralegal, legal assistant, or attorney?

A. No, sir.

Q. And do you have any education or

5 background pertaining to the medical field?

A. No, sir. 6

Q. Okay. Are you required to be, like,

8 emergency medicine certified?

A. No, sir. Not in SWAT, no, sir.

10 Q. Okay. So in 2004 you joined Metro?

A. Yes. sir.

12 Q. And why did you decide to go into law

13 enforcement with Metro?

A. I've always wanted to be a police officer.

From the day -- the day that me and my dad sat down

16 and watched the old cop shows in Vegas, that's what

I wanted to do. And what -- I've always wanted to 17

18 be in SWAT.

Q. Okay. 19

20 A. That was what -- it was a childhood dream.

Q. You wanted to protect the public?

22 A. Yes. sir.

Q. Wanted to do good for the community?

24 A. Yes, sir.

25 Q. Did you do anything for a living before

receive a degree? 1

2 A. I left early. They didn't renew my 3 scholarship, fell below GPA. And I came home to

finish -- try my best to finish. And then I ended up testing with Metro.

6 Q. Okay. So when you returned home, and I'm 7 going to assume that's in the 2002 time frame?

A. Yeah, 2002. And then -- yeah, right around there. Because I got hired on with Metro in 10 2004.

11 Q. Did you enroll -- before you were hired on with Metro, did you enroll in any other university 12

or college to try to complete your degree? 13

A. UNLV.

15 Q. And what years did you attend UNLV?

A. '03, '04. 16

17 Q. And did you graduate?

18 A. No.

Q. Why did you not graduate?

20 A. I was three credits short and I got hired

on with Metro and I just focused on that. You'd

think I'd go with three credits short. 22

23 Q. It's never too late.

24 A. Never too late, yes, sir.

Q. Do you have any sort of legal background

joining Metro?

2 A. Yeah. I was a bartender.

Q. For how many years?

A. I would say two years before I got hired

5 on.

Q. Where were you a bartender?

7 A. It was at -- it's now called Mangos. It

8 was at the time called Boomerang's Bar and Club off 9 of Vegas and Rainbow.

10 Q. And did you voluntarily leave there to 11 ioin Metro?

12 A. Yeah. I gave my two weeks when I got

13 hired on with Metro. 14 Q. Okay. And so have you been continuously

15 employed with Las Vegas Metro Police Department since 2004? 16

A. Yes, sir, I have.

18 Q. And what's your job title or position?

A. I'm obviously with the SWAT section. I am 19

20 the Assistant Team Leader to my Team Leader. And I'm also an entryman and explosive breacher. 21

22 Q. So let's talk a little bit about the

23 structure of SWAT. There's different SWAT teams 24

within Metro; is that correct? 25

A. There's two of us, two teams.



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1 Q. Okay. And how are the teams designated?

A. Basically, they're broken up so we have

seven day a week coverage. My team, for example, we

- cover Wednesday to Saturday. We are -- our shifts 4
- are from 2:00 p.m. to midnight. The other team
- takes over at basically midnight on Saturday, and
- they work Sunday to Wednesday. Our common day
- together is on Wednesday. So we have dual team training days. The teams' makeup is basically, we
- have two sergeants over each team, two ATLs over
- 11 each time, and I believe right now we're at between
- 12 13 and 14 operators per team.
- 13 Q. Okay. And when you use the term "ATL",
- that's stands for Assistant Team Leader? 14
- A. Yes, sir. 15
- 16 Q. And I think -- you did a good job of
- answering my question, and I appreciate it. But 17
- 18 what I was getting at was something a little
- 19 differently.
- 20 The two different SWAT teams, they're
- 21 designated by colors; is that right?
- A. Red and blue. 22
- 23 Q. Is there a gold? Has there ever been a
- 24 gold?
- 25 A. No. So right now -- so when this incident

- 1 Q. And was Sergeant Bonkavich on site for the 2 January 10th, 2022 operation?
- 3 A. No, sir. He was on his RDO, as I was. I
- 4 came in as -- to assist the team.
- 5 Q. Okay. And when I refer to, you know, what
- happened there at January 10, 2022, do you use the 6
- term SWAT operation? SWAT raid? SWAT mission?
- 8 What term do you use?
 - A. It was a SWAT search warrant. It was just
- 10 a search warrant.
 - Q. Okay. Who is your -- the current
- lieutenant over you? 12
- 13 A. Right now is Lieutenant Adrian Beas.
 - Q. Can you spell that last name?
- 15 A. B-e-a-s.
 - Q. And who's the current sergeant over you?
- 17 A. Sergeant Cody Thompson.
- 18 Q. Now, again, on January 10 of 2022, did you
- hold the position of Assistant Team Leader for your 19
- 20 team?
- 21 A. No, I did not.
- 22 Q. Okay. When did you obtain that title or
- 23 position?
- 24 A. I've been the Assistant Team Leader for my
- 25 team for the last nine years.

happened, our colors were different. We are now red

- and blue. Back then, I believe they were gold and
- 3 silver. If I can recall correctly.
- 4 Q. And at that time -- pardon me -- at that
- 5 time, were you on the gold team?
- 6 A. No, I -- so they -- whatever the primary
- 7 team was, I was on the opposite team. So if gold is
- primary, I was on silver.
- 9 Q. Okay. And you just can't remember if you
- 10 were on gold or silver?
- 11 A. I don't. I don't remember what the
- 12 color -- how we changed it up back then. I couldn't
- 13 tell you.

14

- Q. Okay. And let's talk specifically about
- 15 this time here, January of 2022. Who was your SWAT
- leader? 16
- 17 A. My SWAT command- -- my SWAT commander or
- 18
- Q. Well, why don't you give me both and 19
- 20 explain to me how those are different.
- A. The lieutenant, who was the commander, was 21
- Lieutenant Melanie O'Daniel. My direct supervisor
- at the time was Sergeant James Bonkavich.
- 24 Q. Can you spell that for me?
- 25 A. Bonkavich is B-o-n-k-a-v-i-c-h.

Q. Okay. So I guess maybe I misunderstood 2 your -- your answer a little bit.

3 On January 10, 2022, you were an Assistant 4 Team Leader, but for your team, not the team 5

- executing the search warrant. A. Yes. I was not the ATL for that operation, that search warrant.
- Q. Okay. Who was the ATL?
 - A. Jake Werner.
- Q. Who was the sergeant in charge?
- 11 A. There was two of them. There was Russ 12 Backman and Garth Finley.
 - Q. And who was the lieutenant in charge?
 - A. Melanie O'Daniel.
 - Q. All right. Have you had any other employment, side jobs, or side work during your
 - employment with Metro?
 - A. No, sir.
- 19 Q. I thought I saw in your personnel file 20 that you made an application to do some 21 self-employment training and consultation.
- 22 A. Yeah, that -- here and there. It's 23 nothing. Yeah. I'm trying.
- 24 Q. Do you have a name for that business?
 - A. We're trying Zebra Operation Group.



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1 Q. Okay. When is the last time you did any work for that company? 2

- A. We haven't yet.
- Q. Okay. So this is just something that's 4 5 anticipated --
 - A. I'm hoping to get going, ves.
 - Q. Okay. So if you hope to get going, what sort of training or work would you be doing?
- 9 A. Just SWAT consultations, active shooter 10 training, hostage rescue training.
- 11 Q. And so would other police departments hire you to do that, then, or would Metro hire you to do 12 13
- A. It would be outside. So it would be other 14 15 agencies, other departments.
- Q. Do you have any potential agencies that 16 you've discussed doing that sort of work with 17 18
- A. We've talked -- we were -- I just got back 19 from the Ohio Tactical Officers Association. But that was through Metro. That was a class that we 22 did through Metro.
- 23 Q. Have you ever held, whether they're law 24 enforcement related or not, any professional licenses or certifications? And again, this could

- 1 accidents?
- 2 A. Yes. And they were -- I believe they were 3 suspensions where I could give vacation time in lieu, in basically a trade. 4
- 5 Q. Have you ever been given any other 6 suspension or reprimand, then --
 - A. Not to my --
 - Q. -- by Metro?
 - A. Not that I recall, no.
 - Q. Okay. In looking through your personnel file, Metro gives you annual reviews; is that accurate?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- 14 Q. Tell me about the annual review process. 15 Are you interviewed? Do you have to submit 16 documents for it? How does that work?
 - A. So basically, it's a review between you and your sergeant. If you're talking about my personnel review. Usually it occurs in July, so I should have one coming up. I've always gotten perfect scores on that. Never had a negligent or a report that I didn't agree with. I take that very seriously. So, I've never had a bad report in 20 years.
 - Q. Even after that incident on January 10,

23

- be law enforcement related or it could be something
- completely unrelated to law enforcement, like a real
- 3 estate agent or a licensed forklift operator.
- 4 A. Have I?
- 5 Q. Yes.
- 6 A. No, sir, I have not.
- 7 Q. Have you ever tested for any license or
- accreditation and been denied?
- A. No, sir. 9
- 10 Q. Have you ever applied for any position or promotion within Metro and been denied? 11
- 12 A. No, sir.
- Q. Okay. Have you ever sought to -- I think 13
- it's an exam you have to take to become sergeant? 14
- 15 A. Yes. I have never taken it. I've never 16 wanted to be a supervisor.
- 17 Q. Okay. In looking through your personnel file, I notice that you have twice been suspended 18
- from Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department for
- causing auto accidents on duty; is that accurate? 20 21
 - A. Long time ago, yes.
- 22 Q. Okay. Is it two and only two times you've
- 23 been suspended?
- 24 A. Yes.

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Q. And both times were just for automobile

- 2022, where Mr. Williams died, you weren't given any
- negative performance review or reprimand over that, 3 were you?
- 4 A. No, sir.
- 5 Q. And, in fact, you were involved in another
- 6 incident a year before that on January 15 of 2021
- 7 involving a woman, Jasmine King, where during a SWAT
- entry, she was severely injured and blinded during a
- 9 SWAT entry. You were involved in that, weren't you?
 - A. I was involved in that, yes, sir.
- 11 Q. And Metro did not give you any suspension
- 12 or reprimand at all because of that, did they?
 - A. No. sir.
 - Q. Okay. And in fact, there was an Internal
- 15 Affairs investigation after that SWAT action, wasn't
- there? 16
 - A. Yes, sir, there was.
- 18 Q. Okay. And were you formally interviewed
- 19 as a result of that?
- 20 A. I was.
- 21 Q. Okay. And so have you seen, like, a
- 22 transcript of your statement?
- 23 A. Yes. That was a long time ago. Yes, sir.
- 24 Q. Okay. Well, it was -- it was three years
 - ago. Little more than three years.



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It was specifically alleged in that case that you had recommended or called for what was 2 called a short count or a quick count that violated the civil rights of Ms. King and others inside the apartment you were entering; do you recall that? 5

A. Yes, sir.

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- Q. And was that upheld or sustained by Internal Affairs?
- 9 A. I was not receiving any discipline for 10 that.
- 11 Q. Okay. But they found that you had called for that and violated the woman's civil rights? 12
- 13 A. I didn't call for that. The sergeant 14 approved that. That was the count that we utilized 15 in that operation.
- 16 Q. Tell me what a short count or quick count is, then. 17
 - A. A short count is basically a count that, when we use our breach call, is, we don't go with our long standard, which is where we count off, we count down. A short count is basically stand by and we give the breach command when we're ready.
 - Q. Okay. So -- so let's review this.
- Explain to me what the standard long count is. 24
- 25 A. "Stand by for breach. Three, two, one,

- 1 MR. ANDERSON: Objection, form.
 - Go ahead and answer.

3 THE WITNESS: The short -- the count, the

- short count, had -- basically there was the
- 5 announcement call. So there was announcements
- 6 involved in that and the short count. So the
- 7 announcements is what was basically deemed not
- 8 enough. We didn't give enough announcements and
- 9 time had nothing to do with the short count.
- 10 BY MR. BREEDEN:
- Q. Okay. So what about the announcements or 11 12 time was found to have violated Ms. King's civil 13 rights in that matter?

MR. ANDERSON: Objection, form.

15 Go ahead and answer.

16 THE WITNESS: I believe that it was only 17 between two and two and a half seconds before the

18 breach came. We were going -- we -- that plan was 19

going to make sure that we had two full

announcements before the actual count came, before 21 the command came. And what had happened was, it

- 22 ended up going after about a second and a half, or,
- 23 like, basically an announcement, announcement and a
- 24 half.

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breach." 1

- Q. So would that be a five-second countdown?
- 3 A. I have no idea. I mean, I don't know. I 4
- mean, we can time it real quick.
- 5 Q. Well, there's, "Stand by for breach.
- 6 Five, four, three, two, one."
 - A. "Three, two, one, breach."
- Q. Okay. And so what is a short count, or a 8 quick count, then?
- 10 A. "Stand by for breach. Breach. Breach. 11 Breach."
- 12 Q. And when Ms. King was injured, were you the officer that had recommended the short count to 13 the sergeant? 14
- 15 A. It was basically a collective group talk with the breachers. They explained to me, hey, we 16 17 can go with a short count here so that we can
- utilize the distract off the bat to draw attention
- away from the door. And then we can go off the
- 20 third, the final breach count. I -- I went to the
- 21 sergeant, I explained that to him, and he approved 22
- 23 Q. Okay. And do you agree that Metro later 24 found that use of that short count had violated
- Ms. King's civil rights?

BY MR. BREEDEN: 1

- 2 Q. So was the intent in the King entry that 3 there would be announcements made, and then there
- 4 would be a breach, three, two, one count, and then
- 5 force would be used?
- 6 A. No. In the Jasmine King case, the plan
- 7 was, there would be two full announcements. Then we
- would say, "Stand by. Breach, breach, breach." 8
- 9 Which would have gave us the time that we wanted.
- 10 The time that that happened and occurred, it was
- 11 a -- it was an initiation prematurely and called
- 12 prematurely by -- or not the call, but the charge
 - was initiated prematurely.
 - Q. And who prematurely initiated the charge?
- 15 A. The officer that was on -- I believe it 16 was Officer Singh.
 - Q. You were personally sued by Jasmine King as well for violation of her civil rights, correct?
 - A. I believe so. I can't recall.
- 20 Q. Well, there was a federal lawsuit filed 21 against you, do you recall that?
- 22 A. I remember sitting in this -- in a
- 23 deposition, yes. I don't remember receiving any 24 other information after that.
 - Q. Okay. Has that matter been settled or

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James Bertuccini 30 1 A. I believe one time I've actually resolved? A. I believe so. testified. One or two times. 2 2 3 Q. Do you know how much was paid to Ms. King? 3 Q. Okav. 4 A. I don't know. A. Not very many. 4 Q. Have you ever been sued by anyone other 5 Q. And was that as part of a criminal 5 than my client and Ms. King connected to your 6 6 prosecution? employment with Las Vegas Metropolitan Police 7 A. Yes, sir. Like, no, not for me. I mean, 8 Department? 8 me arresting someone, yes. 9 Q. Yeah, there was another defendant. A. Have I ever been sued by anyone else 9 besides Ms. King and this --10 A. Yeah. 10 11 Q. Yes. 11 Q. Okay. And that defendant went to trial 12 A. No, sir. and you had to testify as one of the officers. 12 13 Q. Yes. So those are the two and only two 13 A. Yes, sir. 14 14 lawsuits? Q. Okay. Have you ever testified in court, A. Yeah, there's been one more. There was in a courtroom in front of a judge and jury, in any 15 of the cases where you have been personally sued? Garrett. But that was -- ended up being dropped. 16 16 17 BY MR. BREEDEN: 17 A. No. sir. 18 Q. Okay. How long ago was that? 18 Q. Okay. Now you did mention before we A. Eight years ago, maybe a little bit less. started that you have given another deposition. And 19 20 Q. Last name was G-a-r-r-e-t-t? 20 was that in the Jasmine King case? 21 A. I believe so, sir. 21 A. Yes. sir. Q. Okay. Do you recall when that deposition 22 Q. And what was the basis for suing you in 22 23 that lawsuit? 23 was? 24 A. He was -- he -- basically, it was he had 24 A. Couple years ago. committed suicide, and they said that we had shot 25 Q. Okay. Do you recall the name of the 31 33 him. We had a dog go in, found him underneath the attorney that took that deposition? bed. He had a self-inflicted gunshot wound. The 2 A. I think it's -- if I remember, maybe his dog removed him from underneath the bed. We made 3 first name, I think it was Josh. I can't remember. I'm sorry. entry, rendered aid -- rendered aid to him, and he 4 5 succumbed to his injuries. 5 Q. Okay. That's okay. Have you ever been 6 MR. ANDERSON: Just so you know, there 6 hired as an expert witness for a lawsuit to testify 7 were two lawsuits, two different parents sued, but 7 about police practices and procedures? it was the same event. 8 A. No, sir. 9 Q. All right. This particular case involves BY MR. BREEDEN: 9 10 Q. Okay. Were those lawsuits filed in Clark 10 a tool called a stun stick. Are you familiar with 11 County, Nevada? 11 that term? 12 A. Yes, sir. 12 A. Yes, sir.

Q. And were they filed in federal court or 13

state court, if you know the difference?

15 A. I don't know.

Q. Okay. And has Mr. Anderson or his law 16

firm represented you in all those suits we've 17

discussed? 18

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A. Yes, sir.

20 Q. Has Mr. Anderson represented you in any

legal matter other than those three and a half or

three to four lawsuits we've already discussed? 22

A. No. sir.

24 Q. Okay. Have you ever had to give courtroom

testimony in front of a judge and a jury?

13 Q. Okay. Now, prior to the January 10, 2022

SWAT entry, had you ever used that particular stun 14

15 stick in an actual live event as opposed to

training? 16

17 A. Opposed to training, no. That was the

first time I've used that live. I've trained it, 18

19 but I never used it in a live op.

Q. How long had you trained with it?

A. When we first got them, we went to the 21

22 range, tested them out. We actually saw that the

23 Henderson SWAT had had a variation of that, and we

24 liked that pulling system. Made it a lot more

simpler, less complex. I would say it was a day, up



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34 1 1 at the range. a window. 2 Q. How long, prior to January 10, 2022, did 2 A. You mean the top? 3 you receive that type of stun stick? 3 Q. Yes. A. I don't know, sir. I couldn't tell you 4 A. The hood? Yes. 4 5 Q. The hood, okay. And then there's a little 5 when we received it. 6 trigger that you can pull with one of your hands, 6 Q. Is it -- is it within a year? 7 A. I would say within a year, yes, sir. 7 and it pulls a pin on the distract charge; is that 8 Q. And how many times, then, did you practice 8 accurate? 9 9 deploying it before January 10, 2022? A. Pulls the pin back to strike the 209 A. Me personally? 10 10 primer that's in the initiator head. Q. Yes. 11 11 Q. Once you pull that back, if -- if the 12 A. Just the day that we trained it. 12 charge works correctly, how long is it before that 13 Q. One day. How many different charges? 13 charge deploys? A. We utilized the distracts. I don't know. A. Well, it's not a charge. It's a 14 14 15 A few. I couldn't tell you. 15 distraction device that's in the housing. The Q. Let me show you something. We'll have it 16 housing hood. It should -- it's automatic. Our 16 17 marked as an exhibit here. 17 distracts deploy at a second and a half delay. The 18 (Exhibit No. 1 was marked.) 18 defensive technology 25 that we use, that is a BY MR. BREEDEN: second and a half delay. But in the hood, because 19 19 20 Q. This will be Exhibit --20 it's command initiated and we're utilizing HMX, 21 THE REPORTER: Wait just a minute. 21 which is a high explosive powder in the actual 209 22 Hand it to the witness? 22 primer that's the connection piece, there's no delay MR. BREEDEN: Yeah. 23 23 on it. 24 24 Q. We'll have this marked as Exhibit 1. Q. So once you pull the pin, it -- it is 25 Exhibit 1 has a few different pages. They 25 intended to discharge right away. 35 37 been Bates labeled WILLIAMS 793 through 797. Will 1 A. It should -- it should initiate you please take a look at all the different pages automatically. It should initiate that flash powder 3 there for me? 3 into the HMX from the strike of the 209 primer, 4 4 A. Yes, sir. which is into the housing fuse of the Def Tech 25. 5 Q. So, I'll represent to you that Exhibit 1 5 Q. And when you pull the trigger, the are several pictures of a stun stick taken from the distract, does it fall out of the stun stick or it 6 7 JN Tactical website. 7 stays within the hood? 8 Looking at this exhibit, is that the same 8 A. No, sir. It stays within the housing or similar type of stun stick that you used on 9 component here, and -- which is another reason why 10 January 10, 2022? 10 we bought this actual piece. Because we have direct 11 A. Yes. sir. 11 control of where that distract body goes. 12 12 Q. Okay. And do you know, is it the exact Q. And -- I guess from one end to the other, same make and model? Does it look different at all 13 in feet, how long is this? 13 from the type -- kind you used? 14 A. Well, it can extend. It could -- I would 14 15 A. No, it's pretty -- it's pretty big, right 15 say -- and now, this is just an approximate. I'm going to say 15 to 20 feet at full extension. I 16 on. 100 percent. 16 would say without extension, maybe five feet. Maybe 17 Q. Okay. And so the way that this is used, 17 just looking at 793, you're going to be holding it 18 four and a half, the whole rod maybe. by the two handles at the top, correct? 19 Q. Did you have it extended at all when you 19 20 A. Yeah. I would be holding that handle and 20 used it in this case? that handle. 21 21 A. No, sir. I did not. 22 22 Q. I've seen pictures of it taken afterwards, Q. Okay. And then at the bottom, there's, like -- gosh, I don't even know how to describe it. 23 sort of propped up against a wall. And it looks

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But that's where a distract charge goes, and then

that is the part that's used to, for example, break

like, as you say, it's maybe four and a half, five

feet in length; you think that's fair?

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1 A. I think that's fair, yes.

2 Q. Okay. Now, let me -- let me ask you,

then, because you use the word -- you know, when we're talking about the distract, I've -- I've

4 5

called it a charge, but I'll use your terminology.

The distract that's loaded and it's behind the hood

7 on this stun stick. Is that something you prepare

8 yourself or does it -- is it purchased from a company and it's already loaded? 9

A. You're asking about the actual distract?

Q. Yes.

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A. The flash tube and all that? No. So, the 12 way that it's kept in our truck is the way that you

see it here. So, prior to every mission, if we're going to utilize this tool, it will be loaded there.

15 It would be basically constructed prior to us 16

17 leaving the operation, the breach spot. So, yes,

18 there will be guys that will prepare that.

Q. And I think you used the term a Def Tech 25?

A. Yes. 21

22 Q. What is that?

A. That stands for Defense Technology. That

23 is the actual brand and the name of the distract 24

25 that we're using.

1 Q. Okay. And so, the particular distract that was used on January 10, 2022, was that brand 2 new from Def Tech or had that been reloaded and 4 reused?

A. That was right out of the box. We don't -- we don't reuse a -- once we reload -- once we've shot -- utilized a distract, that fuse head is gone. The only thing that we can actually reuse is that body that you have a picture of.

Q. Yeah. So let me show you -- we'll have this marked as Exhibit 2.

(Exhibit No. 2 was marked.)

13 THE WITNESS: Thank you, ma'am.

BY MR. BREEDEN:

Q. So, looking here at Exhibit 2, I'll represent to you that this is a document that I pulled from the Def Tech website, specifications is what I'm looking for.

Is this the same type of distract that you deployed in the stun stick on January 10, 2022?

A. Well, I mean, it's a -- it's like a cartoon drawing of it. This isn't the actual -- I mean, it doesn't show what it looks like. It's actually a black body, it says Defensive Technology on it. It says 25 at the bottom. But -- and then

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it's a screwed in fuse head. So I'd say it's

2 basically it.

Q. Okay. So, yeah, this is -- the

4 illustration shows a cross section of it.

A. Yeah, yeah.

6 Q. And then -- so, I guess some product

7 specifications there on the left in terms of flash

powder and sound level and light level. 8

Was it loaded with that type of explosive content when you deployed it?

A. I'll be honest with you, it was probably

the command initiated ones that come premade. Which 12

is a -- I believe, you know, it's already set up

14 with the -- with the shock tube already attached to 15

it. So it's not this.

Q. Okay. So how would you describe, then, if 16 you're telling me, "Hey, I want you to go to the Def 17 Tech website and order one of these for me," how

19 would you explain to me how to order one? 20 A. Our logistics guys would do all that. We

21 just tell them what we need.

> Q. Okay. And so what would you tell your logistics person?

A. I would just say, "Hey, we need new 25 command initiated reload defuse --

1 Q. And so that -- the term Def Tech 25, does that refer to, like, a prepackaged, presold 3 distract, or just a canister that can be loaded in 4 different ways so the distract behaves in different

5 ways? 6

A. No. So, the actual distract -- the reason why it's called a 25 is because that housing body 7 can be reused 25 times before they deem it to be

unsafe. It's a pistol -- it's gun steel that it's 9

made out of. So you can load the normal 25, which 10 is 12 gram or 4 gram distract, into the fuse head --

12 or sorry, into the body to where -- hand deployment,

or you can run it command initiated, which is the

way it's ran here. With the nonelectric shock tube 14 15 logged -- clicked into the flash tube, which the HMX

16 powder mixes with the flash powder, which is loaded 17

into the 209 primer for the strike, which initiates 18 everything.

Q. And so, if you deploy one of these distracts, there's someone at Metro who is in charge of sort of reloading them and reusing the cartridge?

A. We -- we actually purchase reloads. We have them in our equipment truck. So when they are utilized on an operation, we can reload them

25 ourselves.

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1 THE REPORTER: Wait, excuse me. Command initiated reload? 2

3 THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, ma'am. Command 4 initiated reloads for the stun stick. And they 5 would know that. I apologize ma'am.

That's how we would do that. We would tell them, hey, we need new -- we need more Low Roll bodies, or if we need more housing bodies we would just tell them and they would order it.

BY MR. BREEDEN:

- Q. What do you mean by "command initiated"?
- 12 A. Basically, we have control when it's going 13 to go off. It's off of us. It's off of when we send the primer.
- 15 Q. As opposed to, like, a delay?
- 16 A. A hand thrown, hand deployed and a delay, 17 yes.
- 18 Q. Okay. Now, just generally speaking, why 19 are these types of distracts used during SWAT operations?
- 21 A. Which one, sir? The stun stick or just 22 hand deployment?
- 23 Q. Let's talk about the stun stick that was actually deployed on January 10, 2022. 24
- 25 A. The stun stick that we used that night can

1 the stun stick, but to also break out the window in

- case the team had any issues at the front door, so
- at least we had eyes in to the target. To see -- so 4 what we could see.
- 5 Q. And when you deploy this type of distract,
- there's an extremely bright flash, correct? 6
 - A. Yes. sir.

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- Q. And there's a single, loud noise, right?
- A. One noise, yes.
- 10 Q. Do you agree that that noise sounds like a 11 an explosion?
 - A. I would say it's a very loud bang, yes.
- 13 Q. Would you agree with me that that might 14 sound to somebody like some sort of gun or weapon
- 15 that's been fired?
- 16 A. It's been known to -- for people to say 17 that it sounds like that, yes.
- 18 Q. Okay. You say it's been known for people 19 to say that. Who has told you that?
- 20 A. Just when we've arrested people and
- 21 they -- you know, as we're -- as we deployed
- 22 distracts, like, "Oh, we thought those were 23 aunshots."
- 24 Q. Okay. So, before January 10, 2022, you 25 were aware that some people that you had used these

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distractions on had actually confused them for

2 gunshots.

3 A. People outside, yes.

- 4 Q. Okay. But you're aware that it can have 5 that impression on people.
 - A. Yes.
- 7 Q. That they are already being fired on.
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. So, this thing creates a pretty loud
- flash. What do you do so that that flash doesn't 10 11 affect you when you deploy it?
- 12 A. So, when we deployed into the structure, 13 obviously it's going to be deployed as high as

14 possible. 15 There's three SOPs that I have to abide by when I deploy a stun stick, or any operator deploys

17 a stun stick. Is we have to clear the area. We 18 have to make sure that there's nobody within the 19 vicinity of the area. When we break glass or 20 anything like that. We also have to make sure that 21 there is nothing flammable or hazardous that's going

22 to be remotely within the vicinity of the area 23 before we initiate the 25 to go.

24 So to answer your question, yes, it 25 creates a very large light. We look away to avoid

be utilized in two ways. We can obviously utilize

that tool to insert through a window. We can

3 utilize that tool because it can extend. We can actually extend it up to air burst outside of a

window on a second floor or something that's a 6 little bit, you know, elevated.

But for that particular night, we utilized

the stun stick in this case to break a window, insert that, extend it as high as we can to disrupt and disorient the people that are inside. Causing a major -- a large flash and an initiation explosive.

- Q. Does it also cause a pressure wave a person can feel?
 - A. Over pressure? It could, yes.
- 15 Q. Okay. So, the purpose of -- of this device, and I'm sorry, I'm not going to recall the 17 exact phrasing you used, I don't think, but it's to 18 disorient people?
- 19 A. Disorient, cause disruption. It's -- it 20 basically, just like it says, it distracts, causing attention away from -- from where we're trying to come in from. We utilize that in a way to also 22 23 create an opening as well, to see through -- we --

for the window. My job that night was to not only initiate

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the brightness and the intensity of the

- illumination. Because it does cause a very bright
- light. Def Tech or -- talks about 40- to 50,000 of
- candela. I mean, I'm not Thomas Edison. I didn't
- invent the light bulb. I don't know what a candela
- is, but it's a very intense light. I've actually
- been caught looking at it during training, and
- it's -- yes, it causes people to look away.
- Temporarily incapacitate, disorient, disrupt, all those things. 10
- 11 Q. When you actually deploy it, then, you know, just using January 10, 2022 as the example, 12 did you turn your head to the side and close your eyes to minimize the effect of the flash --
- 15 A. In this -- I apologize. I didn't mean to 16 step on you.

In this situation I didn't need to.

18 Because I was able to get it as high and basically

touching the ceiling. So I didn't have to. I just

basically stood back and leaned back and angled my 21 body to the left side of the window.

- Q. But you weren't looking at it when you 22 23 deployed it, were you?
- A. No, I didn't. 24

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25 Q. Did you have your eyes open or closed? 1 clear.

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2 Q. And in terms of the -- the sound that it's 3 creating, I think you described it as a very long

(sic) bang that some people have confused with 4

- 5 gunfire. Do you wear any hearing protection for
- 6 that deployment?
 - A. Yes, sir. They're attached to my helmet.
- 8 Q. Okay. And so have you been around these 9 not wearing hearing protection when they're 10 deployed?
- A. Have I been around them? No. We always -- if we're training with distracts or 12 13 anything, we're always making sure that we have hearing protection on. 14
 - Q. Why is that?
 - A. Protect our ears.
- 17 Q. And do you agree with me that it would 18 have a confusing and distracting effect on a person's hearing if they were to be around one of 19 20 those when it deployed without hearing protection?
 - A. I would agree, yes.
- 22 Q. And what -- you know, there's different 23 kinds of hearing protection that you can have. I 24 mean, there's the -- there's those little, like,
 - foam earbuds that you can put in, or if you were at

- A. Yes, my eyes were open.
- Q. Okay. In the situations where you say you -- during training the flash has caught your eyes open, how has that affected you?
- A. Just a quick little -- you know, I would say half a second little -- obscuring my vision.
- 7 Q. Okay. And how long did that effect last 8 for you?
 - A. Like I said, maybe half a second.
- 10 Q. But you would agree that it's confusing and disorienting on people? 11
 - A. I would agree, yes, sir.
- 13 Q. Okay. And then, were you wearing any goggles or eye protection? 14
- 15 A. I was, sir, yes.
 - Q. Okay. What were you wearing?
- 17 A. Ballistic -- well, not ballistic, that's what they're called. Just an Oakley clear lens. 18
- 19 Q. Okay. It's not shaded in any manner?
- A. No, sir, it is not shaded. 20
- 21 Q. Okay. And why -- is there some reason 22 it's not shaded?
- A. My lenses? Well, our operation was dark 23 24 at night. And I'm -- I want to be able to see. I'm
- not -- I don't need any tint. I want them to be

- a rifle range you can wear, like, noise canceling
 - headphones. What is the hearing protection that you
 - 3 had on that day? 4
 - A. I had headphones. The ones you're talking about, the noise, auditory. Yeah.
 - Q. You had noise canceling headphones on.
 - A. Uh-huh, yes.
 - 8 Q. All right. And are those -- is that sort 9 of standard practice when you're using a stun stick,
 - to wear hearing protection of that kind? 10
 - 11 A. It's standard practice for us to have 12 hearing protection no matter what job we're doing.
 - Q. Now, I know Officer Rothenburg was close 13 14 by. Do you -- did I pronounce that name correctly?
 - 15 A. Rothenburg, yes, sir.
 - Q. Did Officer Rothenburg have hearing 16 17 protection on as well?
 - A. I believe he did, yes, sir.
 - Q. Did all the officers on the SWAT team have 19 20 hearing protection?
 - A. To my knowledge, yes, sir. They should 21 22 have.
 - Q. Okay. Noise canceling?
 - A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. Wouldn't that impair your ability to speak



James Bertuccini

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to people or hear people on the inside?

A. No. No. We can still talk, we can still communicate with our headphones on.

Q. Okay. To each other or to anyone?

A. We have radios, we have -- our radios and our communication pieces are all hooked into our headphones with our mikes. That's how we can communicate.

Q. Okay. Well, members of the public like
Mr. Williams, he wasn't miked up and he didn't have
access to your radios, right?

A. No.

Q. Okay. So, if Mr. Williams had tried to say something, don't you think the hearing protection you're wearing would have impaired your ability to hear that?

A. No.

Q. Noise canceling headphones --

A. If he was saying something to us, no, we would be able to hear him. Our -- our headphones -- 20 basically, we have -- we have devices where we can -- they cancel out -- we can hear. We can hear just fine.

Q. Well, you would agree -- I mean, the purpose of noise canceling headphones is to impair

a half of while that thing -- when that thing is deployed, that we're probably not going to hear each

deployed, that we're probably not going to hear eacother, yes.

4 Q. Have you ever been to a concert or, you

know, something else. Like, you've been around ajet plane and there's some very loud noise and

7 you're exposed to it, and then you notice that even

8 when the noise stops, you're hearing is still

9 affected.

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A. I can honestly tell you, I've never been to a concert. Yes, I've been around planes. When we do dignitary protection details. I don't -- I've never been affected by it. So I don't understand the -- I don't know the example that you're giving. I apologize.

Q. Okay. Well, as far as you know, who was the person who made the decision to use the stun stick on January 10, 2022?

A. It was basically -- the option was given by the recon officers to the Assistant Team Leader. That was also then given to -- the Assistant Team Leader presented that to the sergeants, the team

leaders. The team leader then, per policy, has toget that approved by the lieutenant, because it's

25 going to be an insertion into the structure. And so

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1 your hearing somewhat, right?

A. Just kind of cancels out some of the noise, like, when we're utilizing, like, distracts and large bangs. Like, we can hear just fine.

Q. Would you agree with me that if one of these distracts is going off and someone is speaking at the same time, it would be difficult to hear or understand them over the distract noise?

A. I'm sorry, can you repeat that?

10 Q. Yeah, I'm sorry. It was kind of a long 11 question.

The question is, would you agree with me that if somebody was speaking, like we're speaking during this deposition, if we were doing this while one of these distracts is going off, do you agree with me that it would be more difficult to

17 understand me?

A. It would be a loud bang. I mean, it depends on where it would be deployed. If it was deployed on the outside, you and I would -- you and I would -- we would hear a loud bang, but we could still easily talk and communicate with each other.

That door comes open, we -- they deploy a distract in here, and we hear a loud bang,

there's -- there's probably going to be a second and

1 lieutenant O'Daniel approved that. The ATL -- ATL

Werner brought that to Sergeant Backman and SergeantFinley

3 Finley.

Q. Okay. So thank you for providing the names to those folks. But as far as you are

6 concerned, who's the person ultimately in charge of

7 that decision? Even if it's recommended by

8 somebody, who -- who's that decision ultimately fall

9 on?

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10 A. To use it?

Q. Yes.

12 A. The lieutenant.

13 Q. O'Daniel?

14 A. Yes.

15 Q. And you're aware she approved it in this

case?

17 A. Yes.

18 Q. Do you know why she approved it?

19 A. I do not.

20 Q. Okay. If you had designed this squad --

21 SWAT action, the IAP, would you have recommended the

22 use of a stun stick?

A. The IAP?

24 Q. Yes.

A. We don't fill out the IAP. You mean the

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54 actual -- the planning phase, the tactical --1 believe, yes, now it's around 120. I believe Q. Yes, if you planned it. they're going to extend that training. 2 2 3 A. If I would have planned it, would I have 3 Q. And is that conducted by Metro or some 4 utilized the stun stick; is that what you're asking 4 sort of outside agency? 5 me? A. No, that's conducted by Metro. That's by 5 6 Q. Correct? 6 our training section, our training support detail. 7 A. At the ATL, yes, I would have. 7 There are three operators over that and a sergeant. Q. Okay. Why? 8 8 Q. And when did you go through that SWAT 9 training? 9 A. I feel it gave the team a very tactical advantage because it was on the opposite side of the 10 A. I made SWAT in October of 2010. So 11 door. If the team did get hung up during the 11 probably October -- I actually know my date when I 12 breach, if they were delayed, by utilizing the stun 12 got my call was October 10, 2010. And my SWAT stick and breaking the window, it allowed us eyes in 13 school probably started that next week. to see into the structure, to see what's going on. 14 Q. And at that time, was it the 120-hour If people are arming themselves, if the door is 15 course? barricaded, it allows us to at least hold that area 16 A. I believe it was 80 at the time, sir. 17 and explain to the team what's happening and what --17 Q. Okay. And who were your instructors 18 what the problem is. So, yes. 18 during that course? 19 Q. I want to talk a little bit about your 19 A. It was Officer Kevin McCord, Officer Troy training to be a SWAT officer. I assume when you're 20 Wilson, and I believe Officer Mills, Bob Mills was originally hired as an officer, you have to undergo 21 still in the unit. I could be wrong, and I some sort of basic training or education to work for 22 22 apologize. 23 the department; is that accurate? 23 Q. And I know it's -- you know, in terms of 24 A. Yes, sir. You go through, obviously, a 24 hours it's 120 hours, but how many days, weeks, or police academy. 25 months does that take to complete? 55 57 1 Q. And so assuming you -- you've passed the A. Maybe it's a four-week or -- it depends, 1 police academy, you've been hired as an -- as an sir. It really does, on what -- how the breakup is. 3 officer. What sort of additional training or 3 I mean, because those operators are still full-time 4 qualifications do you have to have to join the SWAT? operators that assist us with callouts. So I don't 4 5 A. So, to join SWAT, basically you only need know. Like, that could take four weeks, it could 6 to be a police officer for six years. We have best 6 take five. I know that their last one took around 7 candidates will kind -- title thing -- in our 7 four weeks. announcement. Firearm instructor, defensive tactic 8 Q. Now, when you did that training course, instructor. All officers are now CIT certified, the 9 was it all classroom hours or was there some stuff crisis intervention for -- you know, to be able to 10 in the field training? talk to people. Everyone is now certified in the 11 A. When I went through, we did a little bit academy. That was not something that was given when 12 of classroom stuff in the morning, and then 12 13 we first -- when I first went through back in '04. everything else was practical application throughout 14 We are also, they -- the best candidates 14 the rest of the day. Like entry training, vehicle look to have instructor development certifications, 15 assaults, bus assaults, manual ballistic breaching any outside tactical training. Those are some of 16 training. Just like that. 17 the things that we look at when new SWAT operators 17 Q. Okay. Were you allowed to go on live SWAT are looking to come up. It's not mandate -- I mean, actions before you completed that -- I think you 18 19 it's not something you have to have, but it's 19 said it was an 80-hour course at that time? 20 something we like to see. 20 A. At the time I -- basically what you're

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undergo?

Q. Well, let me ask you. Isn't there a

120-hour SWAT training course that you have to

A. Well, that's when you first come up to

SWAT. That's the SWAT school they give. And I

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asking me is -- no. I was focused on -- we were

Q. Okay. So you were new, you were full-time

SWAT school, you were not allowed to go on live or

basically new guys, we were on SWAT school.

actual SWAT missions until you completed that

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- 2 A. Until we completed the course, yes, sir.
 - Q. Okay. Do you agree that that SWAT
- training course added value to your training as an 4
- 5 officer to do SWAT?
 - A. Absolutely. It's -- our training is
 - different than just basic patrol stuff.
 - Q. And so you agree that anybody who wants to be on SWAT should undergo that training first?
 - A. Through SWAT school?
- Q. Yes. 11
- 12 A. I mean, if you're talking about -- are you
- 13 talking about making live entries and stuff like
- that? Or are you just talking if you want to come
- to SWAT -- you want to go to SWAT school, you have
- to go through our process. I guess I'm confused by 16 17 your question.
- 18 Q. Yeah. Well, the question is, you know, do 19 you think people should complete that additional SWAT training before they go on live SWAT actions?
- 21 A. I see what you're saying. Yes. So
- 22 when -- your training needs to be completed, yes. I
- 23 see what you're saying, yes.
- 24 Q. So you agree with my statement?
- 25 A. Yes.

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- A. I don't know -- I don't know.
- 2 Q. You had no idea if he had undergone the 120-hour SWAT training?
 - A. I didn't -- I don't know -- I don't know.
 - Q. You just didn't know one way or another.
- 6 A. I know he went through some type of
- 7 training. I don't know exactly what his SWAT school 8 entailed. I don't know everything that was done 9
 - with that.
 - Q. Okay. In the SWAT training, you talked about what's called a CET or CET entry, correct?
 - A. Controlled Entry Tactics, CET, yes, sir.
 - Q. And what is that and how is that distinguished from a no-knock warrant or a surround and call-out?
 - A. Okay. So, we'll start from each one, all right?

So Surround and Call-Out is basically where you're going to surround a structure. We're going to park armored vehicles in certain tactical positions, off of corners of the -- of the house.

- 22 We're going to completely surround it, we're going 23 to completely contain it. Make sure that we have
- 24 all of our SWAT assets in line. We're going to
- 25 start with verbal announcements over a PA, loud --

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- Q. Okav.
- A. I thought you were talking about, like,
- 3 some just random patrol guy wanting to go through
- 4 SWAT school. No, sorry.
- 5 Q. Well, I mean, yeah. So a random -- random 6 patrol guy says, "Hey, I want to be on SWAT. You guys are doing a SWAT thing tomorrow. Can I go with
- you?" What do you tell them?
- A. We don't offer that. Like, we offer our 9 10 role playing. So, like, if you want to come observe
 - our training, 100 percent. But we don't just allow
- them to just jump in. There are classes we offer 12
- them, guys that are interested in SWAT. But to run
- a full-blown SWAT school, you have to have tested
- 15 and been one of the guys in our selection, yes. 16
- Q. Well, why wouldn't you want somebody who has not undergone that full SWAT training to be part 17 of the SWAT team? In a live --
- 19 A. Just inexperience, very new. They need to 20 have the training. They need to be able to be
- 21 comfortable. Stuff like that.
- 22 Q. Okay. What do you know about Sergeant 23 Backman's SWAT training prior to January 10, 2022?
- 24 A. What do I know about it?
 - Q. Yeah.

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LRAD bullhorn. Allow them ample opportunities to

2 come out. If they do not come out after

3 announcements, we go to a distract plan. More

4 announcements. Go to a breach plan. That's the

5 Surround and Call-Out. We're giving them that time 6

to come out.

Now going to -- you asked about a CET. Controlled Entry Tactic. That is more of a dynamic

9 movement. It's a dynamic approach to the door.

10 We're utilizing announcements, announce -- several

announcements before we end up breaching the door

- 12 and we are all then making a dynamic movement into
- the structure to fill it. We would use a CET tactic 13
- 14 to utilize speed, surprise, and overwhelming action.
- 15 For suspects that are inside known to be violent,
- 16 known to be armed. The -- also, the reasons why we
- 17 would do CET tactics -- or CET entries is
- 18 environmental factors. Consisting of, can we
- 19 contain the structure? Are we able to bring armored
- 20 vehicles up? Are we able to be able to limit their

21 movement?

> So, by getting on -- by making entry and using that speed, surprise, and overwhelming action.

- 24 And we would also use it because it's a smaller
 - structure that we know that we can dominate and fill



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62 1 with manpower. through the commander, and up to the deputy chief. 2 Now, the no-knock is -- basically if we 2 So, we haven't been utilizing it much. But mainly, 3 have a no-knock, if we are authorized a no-knock the only time we would use -- utilize it now is if search warrant, we would not utilize announcements. 4 we're going to receive and we have the approval for 4 We would just basically make our approach, breach 5 a no-knock. 6 the door, and make entry. Once we would -- did make Q. Okay. So it's your understanding that as entry at that time, we would sound off police search 7 of today, CET entry is only permitted when there's a 8 warrant. 8 no-knock warrant. 9 Q. So, when we talk about the January 10, 9 A. Yes, sir. 10 2022 SWAT mission, that was not a no-knock warrant. 10 Q. Okay. And when did that policy change A. That was not a no-knock search warrant. 11 11 occur? 12 Q. So, if that had been a no-knock, what 12 A. I would say within the last year, since 13 would you have done differently from the CET entry 13 Commander Peterson has taken over. He is our you actually used? 14 director of SWAT. A. If it was a no-knock? 15 15 Q. Between the Jasmine King incident and this 16 Q. Yes. 16 incident involving Mr. Williams, were you aware of or retrained on any changes in SWAT policy that had 17 A. If it was a no-knock, basically what would 17 18 have -- happen with that, if we had the approval, we 18 been made for CET entries? would have made our approach. I would have probably 19 A. Not to my knowledge, sir. I believe been given the command over the radio to communicate 20 everything was still the way it's written. 21 to breach the window, initiate the stun stick, and 21 Q. Do you believe that that change regarding 22 CET entry only for no-knock warrants, do you believe then they probably would have breached the door. Just like -- we just wouldn't have announced. Once 23 that happened specifically because of Mr. Williams' 23 24 the door came open, announcements would have 24 death on January 10 of 2022? 25 started, police search warrant. 25 MR. ANDERSON: Objection, form 63 65 1 Q. And have there been any changes to CET 1 (indiscernible). 2 policies for SWAT over the last five years? THE REPORTER: Form -- wait. Form? 3 A. In just anything? 3 MR. ANDERSON: Just form. Whatever I say Q. Yeah, in -- when it is allowed to be used? 4 4 is form. 5 A. Oh, CET? 5 THE WITNESS: So the -- do I feel that our Q. Yeah, CET. 6 6 change came because of this case? A. Yes. It still needs to be -- obviousy it 7 BY MR. BREEDEN: 7 has to be -- are you talking about CET no-knock? 8 Q. Yes. 9 A. No, I do not. What are you -- which one are you referring to, sir? 9 10 Q. Yeah. So I'm talking specifically 10 Q. Okay. Are you aware of another reason why 11 about -- do vou use C-E-T or CET? 11 that change was made, or you just do not know the A. I don't call it -- we don't call it CET. 12 12 exact reason for the change? 13 CET. 13 A. I do not know the exact reason, sir. 14 Q. CET. Q. Okay. Now, no-knock warrants. You've 14 A. Controlled Entry Tactic. 15 15 been on SWAT since what, October 2010. How many Q. Okay. So I'll use the same terminology no-knock warrants have you executed on SWAT? 16 16 vou do so we don't confuse each other. 17 A. One. 17 18 A. Cool. 18 Q. When was that? 19 A. Sergeant Bonkavich was still here, so I 19 Q. Over the last five years, have there been 20 any changes to SWAT's policies and procedures 20 would say within, if I want to give you the best regarding when CET entry is permitted and when it is 21 guess I can, sir, I'm going to say within the last 21

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three years.

warrants are quite rare, then?

Q. And would you agree with me that no-knock

A. They're quite rare. It is intel based,

A. It still -- it still has to go through the

entire authorization process. So it's still going

to be through the sergeant, through the lieutenant,

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not?

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suspect, violent tendencies, access to, you know, certain weapon systems, flight risk, possibility of 2 hostage situation. Yes. To answer your question, quite rare. 4

Q. Are you aware of the Brianna Taylor case in Kentucky?

A. I'm going to be honest with you. I don't know everything about the Brianna Taylor case. I do

Q. Would you agree with me, though, that that case and that shooting shined a light on no-knock warrants and how dangerous they might be?

MR. ANDERSON: Objection, form.

Go ahead.

14 15 THE WITNESS: I would agree with your question -- with what you're saying, is that that 16 17 did bring up no-knocks, controlled -- making dynamic 18 entries and stuff. But I don't know anything about 19 that case. I don't even know -- I don't know anything. So I can't -- I can't really elaborate on 21 that.

22 BY MR. BREEDEN:

23 Q. Okay. The CET entry in this case was 24 performed at approximately 5:00 a.m. Is it common 25 practice for SWAT to perform missions during early

informal policy of Metro, to serve warrants at that 2 hour?

3 A. It's more informal. I mean. I don't think 4 it's -- it's all intel-based, intel-driven. You 5 know. If there's a reason -- like, to give you an 6 example. If there's a reason -- we get an IAP for a 7 narcotics raid. They want a 5:00 a.m. hit. We're 8 going to ask why. Hey, that's when the suspect

9 leaves. We plan on trying to take him away. 10 There's reasons why, that we would utilize that.

11 Q. And for the particular SWAT action on 12 January 10, 2022, as far as you know, who made the 13 decision to execute that at 5:00 a.m.?

A. I do not know, sir.

Q. What's your understanding of Metro's policy, whether it be formal or informal, about whether a CET entry is permitted to be used for a property only search warrant?

A. If it's going to be utilized for property only, it has to be approved by the commander. The lieutenant. And there has to be circumstances regarding why. The suspect has access to weapons, violent tendencies -- I thought we were getting attacked. Violent tendencies, severity of the -severity of the crime. What is -- his prior

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morning hours where it's likely people will be

2 asleep?

3 A. Yes. It is common.

4 Q. Okay. Has that policy changed at all in the last five years? 5

A. Has it changed? 6

7 Q. Yes.

8 A. No.

9 Q. So you're still routinely serving warrants 10 in hours where people are likely to be asleep?

11 A. Yes, sir, we are.

12 Q. As far as you know, the time for this

13 warrant, 5:00 a.m., that was selected specifically

because it was hoped that people inside the

15 apartment would be asleep, right?

16 A. Yes, sir. That's a very active complex

17 with people moving around. They wanted to make sure

that we, on our approach, were not compromised. So

they utilized that time of 5:00 a.m. to make sure 19

20 that we could have everybody inside.

21 Q. As far as you are aware, was there any reason, other than the hope that people would be 22

inside asleep, that the 5:00 a.m. time was selected?

24 A. No, I do not.

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Q. And would you describe that as a formal or

criminal history is, his flight risk. Stuff like 1

2 that. All those things have to go into play and

3 they have to be articulated and explained to the

4 lieutenant, and she gives the ultimate authorization

5 if we're going to utilize a CET on property crime.

6 Q. Has -- have the policies or procedures, 7 whether formal or informal, for use of a CET entry 8 on a property only search warrant, have those

9 changed over time?

10 A. There has been different changes in our 11 SWAT policies about that. Those decisions have been 12 made by the SWAT commander.

13 Q. Were you trained on any change in policy 14 in that regard between the Jasmine King and the Isaiah Williams incidents? 15

A. No, there was -- no.

Q. Okay. And so, is it your understanding 18 that at any time use of CET entry for a property 19 only search warrant has been banned?

20 A. If it's going to be utilized, it would 21 have to be approved. But right now, that's -- it 22 wouldn't be something we would do. It would have --

23 there would have to be circumstances involving the

24 suspect inside. Like, there would have to be a

reason that we would go CET on a property crime.



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Q. Yes.

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70 And I highly doubt that would happen now. 2 Q. Well -- and so, when you say, "I doubt that would happen now," when did that change come about? 4 5 A. Within the last year, two years. Q. Do you know, was that change precipitated 6 7 by the shooting of Mr. Williams, the change in 8 policy? 9 A. I think it's a just a change in everything. The world, you know, and the nation 10 11 with policing and search warrants and no-knocks. I think it's -- it's kind of all been out there. 12 13 Which is to make -- you know, have changes with it to -- change policies (indiscernible). 14 15 THE REPORTER: Change policies? 16 THE WITNESS: Sorry. Change policies and 17 procedures. 18 THE REPORTER: Thank you. 19 THE WITNESS: So, yeah. 20 BY MR. BREEDEN: Q. And so have you been retrained on any 21 changes in use of CET entry since Mr. Williams' 22 23 shooting? A. Retrained? 24

that for changes in CET entry policy since the Jasmine King incident? 2

3 A. We -- during meetings, you know, we've --4 I don't -- I mean, I don't know if anything was changed in policy at the time. I think it was still 5 all the same. But, like, we -- you know, we 7 discussed it. But... 8

Q. What has been discussed in meetings 9 specifically?

making sure we're looking at the IAPs and asking the 11 12 proper questions of, you know, they added -- the 13 extra added in boxes of when was the last time 14 suspect was seen at this location, stuff like that. 15 They just added extra information on the IAPs for us 16 to review.

A. Just make sure that we're reviewing and

17 Q. Okay. So, you mentioned an example of 18 when a suspect was last seen as a location -- as a 19 change to the IAPs. What other changes to IAPs have 20 occurred in the last five years?

21 A. That's all I can recall at the time, right 22 now. 23

Q. Okay. And the additional box about the 24 last time a suspect was seen at a location. Do you 25 think that change was made in response to

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A. So, are you asking me, have we -- have I

been retrained in the way that we do our tactics or just in policies and procedures?

Q. On any -- well, either, really.

5 A. No, we still -- we're still training and 6 doing our normal -- doing our normal stuff that we 7 do. Now, we're just really making sure that we're looking at all the documentation that we're -- being sent to -- getting sent from detectives. 9

Now, on our IAPs, there are check boxes of -- that consist of, is this a body of search warrant? Is this evidence only? Is this high risk? A low level? A lot of those -- those are the types of changes that has occurred. To answer your question, yes.

Q. When those changes come about to a formal SWAT policy, how are you as a SWAT officer notified?

A. How am I notified? There is an -- are you talking about -- oh, changes.

Basically what will happen is, if we get a change in our policy, our director or director 22 secretary will send us an update and let us know that, hey, there's been an update in regards to 24 this. Our sergeants will then review it with us.

Q. Can you recall receiving any updates like

1 Mr. Williams' shooting?

2 A. No, I think that was also -- that's with everything -- we've -- we've had a lot of, you know, 4 warrants that we've served where all the sudden, 5 nobody's there, nobody's home. We want to make sure 6 when they -- you know, when was the last time the 7 suspect was physically seen here at this location. 8

Q. Yeah. And do you know much about the 9 underlying suspect here, Wattsel Rembert, and when 10 he was last seen at the 3050 South Nellis apartment?

A. I do not, sir.

12 Q. Okay. In terms of SWAT actions and 13 training, what is calling a tactical? What does 14 that mean?

16 into an -- okay. So, during our CET operation, the 17 tactical call is made for a variety of reasons. Delayed breach, we've ran out of manpower, the 19 structure is larger than we expected it to be, 20 somebody runs. Gunfire. We get into some type of 21 shooting.

A. What does tactical mean when we're going

22 An operator has the ability to call, make 23 a tactical call if he just flat out doesn't like 24 something. Meaning, hey, I think, you know, we're being overwhelmed. Multiple people inside of the

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74 1 structure. We'll put the -- we will immediately stop momentum, pull back, hold containment, and 2 pull -- start pulling everybody out safely, take 3 them into custody. And then we would end up 4 4 clearing the structure slowly and methodically. So 5 5 that is -- we have the ability to go dynamic and 6 lately. 7 then slow things down. 7 8 8

- Q. Is that anybody on the SWAT team can call --
- A. Anybody can make that call.
- 11 Q. Okay. Have you personally ever made a tactical call during a SWAT entry? 12
- A. I've been on the team 15 years. I could 13 tell you I've made thousands -- in the thousands of 14 entries. I'm sure there's been a time where I've 15 called tactical, yes. 16
- 17 Q. Can you remember any specific times?
- 18 A. Not to my knowledge, sir.
- Q. Did you ever call tactical on January 10, 19 20 2022?
- 21 A. I already heard the call being stated and I heard it being reiterated by numerous officers. 22
- Q. Okay. We'll talk about that a little 23
- later. But you did not personally call? 24
- 25 A. I did not personally call tactical, no.

Q. Do you recall a specific lesson plan during your SWAT training for knock and announce?

A. An actual lesson plan for knock and

- announce? I'm sure it's in our CET -- I would -- I
- would assume Zoom it's in there. I haven't read it
- Q. Okay. Do you recall --

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- A. There is actually -- you know what? There is -- actually, the last time I have reviewed it is, there is court -- there is case laws in there and it does describe that, yes.
 - Q. Do you remember the applicable case?
 - A. Not off the top of my head.
- Q. Okay. Have you ever been trained on the case of -- I believe it's Wilson versus Arkansas?
 - A. (Indiscernible.)

THE REPORTER: Pardon me?

18 THE WITNESS: Yes.

THE REPORTER: Thank you.

20 BY MR. BREEDEN:

- 21 Q. How about -- who do you recall 22 specifically training you regarding knock and announce principles? 23
 - A. It's been discussed with us. Kevin McCord, Dewane Ferrin. The guys that have, you

Q. I want to talk generally about your SWAT training regarding knock and announce principles.

What does knock and announce mean to you?

- A. Knock and announce is basically, we are giving the amount of time that the officer feels reasonable to let them know that we are the police, we are outside, stating their intent -- or stating our intent that we are going to -- that we have a warrant and that we will be making entry. We would like them to cease what they're doing, stop, and basically comply with our action.
- 12 Q. Okay. Is there any other part of knock and announce that you're aware of? 13
- A. That we're giving them ample -- that we're 14 going to give them a reasonable amount of time --15 we're giving them a reasonable amount of time for them to basically comply with our lawful order.
- Q. Okay. Is that all you can recall from 18 19 your training?
 - A. At the moment, yeah.
- 21 Q. Would you agree with me that it would be important for Las Vegas Metro to train you on knock 22 and announce principles if you're going to be part
- 24 of SWAT? 25 A. Yeah.

know, put on that -- that were holding those spots.

2 Those lead spots in the training section.

- 3 Q. Are you aware that under Nevada state law, 4 it states that officers cannot use force to enter on 5 a warrant until they have been refused admittance by 6 the occupants of where they're going to search?
- 7 Were you aware of that?
 - A. Have I been aware of that?
 - Q. Yes.
- 10 A. Yes.
 - Q. When were you first aware of that?
- 12 A. Can -- actually, I'm confused on what you 13 just said.
 - Q. Yeah, let me rephrase it for you.
 - A. Yeah.
 - Q. Okay. Are you aware that under Nevada state statutes, or statute, officers are not permitted to use force to enter a structure to serve a warrant until they have been refused admittance?
- 20 A. That statement, no, I have not been made aware of that statement. No. 21
- 22 Q. So you have never been trained on that 23 statement?
- 24
 - Q. Okay. Are you aware that under federal



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78 1 1 law, officers are not permitted to use force to elapse? 2 enter a structure for a warrant until following the 2 A. There's no -- no, there's no set time. I announcements, they have waited a reasonable amount mean, you know, six seconds, eight seconds. It's of time for persons inside to come to the door, 4 what we feel is reasonable. Q. Now, you mentioned one of the factors is ascertain the officer's identity and purpose, and 5 6 provide them admittance willfully? how much room officers have around them, right? 6 7 MR. ANDERSON: Objection, form. 7 Whether you're in an enclosed hallway or --THE WITNESS: I've been made aware of 8 8 A. If we're in that fatal funnel, stuff like that, yes. 9 that. 9 BY MR. BREEDEN: 10 Q. Would you admit to me that with 10 11 Q. Okay. When were you first made aware of 11 Mr. Williams, you were not in what would be called a 12 that? 12 fatal funnel? 13 A. I couldn't -- I -- I don't know. That's 13 A. Me personally, no, I was not. They were 14 stuff that has been discussed with us, you know -in a -- they had space where they were working from. 14 I've been in the unit 15 years. Those are things 15 Q. It was outside the apartment. that have -- discussed with us over the time. I 16 A. They were outside, yes. couldn't give you the exact date and time we 17 17 Q. There were ways to retreat safely if 18 discussed that. 18 something went wrong for officers. 19 Q. Well, were you aware of that legal 19 A. If they needed to, yes. 20 requirement prior to the incident with Mr. Williams? 20 Q. Okay. Have you ever heard that there's a 21 21 standard that in most cases, one minute will be a reasonable time for officers to wait after Q. Okay. Do you recall who specifically 22 22 23 23 trained you on that requirement? announcing? 24 A. No, I do not, sir. 24 A. Have I ever -- sorry. 25 Q. Okay. Now, it states a reasonable amount 25 MR. ANDERSON: Objection, form. 79 81 1 Go ahead.

of time. Is there a rule of thumb or a guide that you use to determine what is reasonable?

3 A. What we use, basically, is, it's going to

come down to environmental factors of where we're

4 at. Are we in an enclosed hallway? Do we have

somewhere to pull back to? So those things are some

7 of the -- the reason why the time -- how long we're

going to wait. The suspect's actions. His -- the

severity of the crime. His access to weapons.

10 Those are some of the things that we look at that

will dictate our reasonable amount of time.

12 And for an example, like I said is, if

we're in an enclosed hallway. Are there occupants 13 in this -- let's say an interior hallway apartment

15 complex that are going to be at risk if this guy

16 starts shooting through the door or becomes 17

noncompliant. Are these -- are we putting these

people that are surrounding us at risk? So those

are some of the factors that we take into

20 consideration of our reasonable amount of time of

how long we're going to wait and continue to

announce before we actually push forward with any 22

23 type of SWAT action.

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24 Q. Are you aware of any rule of thumb,

though, in terms of seconds or minutes that should

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2 THE WITNESS: Have I ever heard that 3 personally, one minute? No, I have not.

THE REPORTER: When it's a good time to take a short break. I mean, if you need to go 6 longer, that's fine.

MR. BREEDEN: Yeah, let me just ask him --I'll take a break within five minutes.

THE REPORTER: Perfect, thanks.

(Exhibit No. 3 was marked.)

THE REPORTER: Exhibit 3.

BY MR. BREEDEN:

Q. Handing you Exhibit 3. This is an excerpt of the State of Nevada Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training, Performance Objective

16 Reference Material.

Have you ever seen this before I just

handed it to you? 18

A. I've never seen this document.

20 Q. Has Metro ever provided this to you, as

far as you're aware?

22 A. Not to -- that I'm aware, no.

23 Q. Okay. And at the bottom, you'll see it 24 says note -- I'll just read it as a quote. Quote,

"Note. The amount of time that is considered



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reasonable will depend on all the circumstances. Approximately one minute would be a safe period in most cases, but it can be less, especially if peace officers know that someone is inside and awake," end 5 quote. 6 So you have not heard this one-minute 7 standard before reviewing this document? 8 A. I've never heard this, no. 9

Q. Okay. And when it refers to, you know, the time can be less, additionally if peace officers 11 know that someone is inside and awake. You did not know who was inside the apartment or whether they 13 were awake on January 10 of 2022, did you?

A. No, I did not.

15 Q. Let's go ahead and take a break at this 16 time.

A. Okay.

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THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are going off the 18 record at 10:32 a.m. 19

20 (Off record.)

21 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are back on record at 10:39 a.m. 22

23 BY MR. BREEDEN:

24 Q. Officer Bertuccini, we've taken a short break. We're back on the record now, and you're A. Probably the night before the operation.

2 Q. Okay. And when you say the night before, I mean, the operation was at basically 5:00 a.m., so

are we talking about ten or five --4

A. I would say I got at least a 12-hour

6 notice -- about eight- to ten-hour notice. I

7 couldn't tell you the exact time I got the call

8 that, "Hey, can you come help?" I couldn't tell 9 you.

Q. And then when you originally received an e-mail about it, did it include the IAP?

12 A. Yes. The whole entire package was 13 submitted, I believe. I know that there was some --14 some -- I recall some documentation, mishaps going back and forth with signatures and stuff like that.

But I wasn't involved in any of that. That's the

17 captains and lieutenants handle all that stuff. I

18 know that there was a delayed process in some of the 19 signatures and stuff like that. And authorizations.

20 But I don't -- I don't know any further than that.

21 Q. So, how long before January 10th was this, 22 then? Because I think -- even going back into

23 December of 2021, there were at least applications

24 for warrants going on at that time. So how close

was it that you saw these e-mails regarding the IAP?

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1 still under oath.

2 Have you ever heard, when we talk about 3 knock and announce, that there's an informal ten-second rule applied by Metro? 4

A. No.

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6 Q. I want to talk to you a little bit about the tactical briefing before the January 10th 7 8 action.

When was the first time you ever heard 9 there was going to be a SWAT event there on the 10 morning of January 10th and you were going to be 12 involved?

13 A. So, we have -- any search warrant that comes in, comes through our SWAT warrants e-mail. 14 15 So all of us get it. So I knew that there was a warrant that was going to be coming in. So I looked at it to see if it was actually going to be on my

17 18 19 Once I read the IAP and saw that the date

20 was going to be on the other team's days, I was, like, okay, then it's really not my concern. They 22 ended up calling for additional bodies for manpower, 23 so I volunteered to go and help.

Q. Okay. So when was that, then, that they 25 called for volunteers and you agreed?

1 A. I couldn't tell you. I apologize, sir. I

2 don't know.

3 Q. Just for some background, by the way, so 4 it's on the record, what does IAP stand for?

A. Incident Action Plan.

6 Q. Is that required, to have an approved IAP 7 or Incident Action Plan every time SWAT is deployed?

9 Q. And ultimately, at least for this action 10 concerning Mr. Williams, Lieutenant O'Daniel was the

lieutenant who approved the IAP?

A. Yes, she approved it.

13 Q. Who's actually responsible for drafting the IAP? 14

15 A. The detective, sir.

Q. And in this case, who was the detective?

A. I'll be honest with you, sir. I can't 17

18 remember. I do not know.

Q. Do you remember -- I think it was a

20 Detective Grimmett; does that refresh your memory?

A. Jarrod Grimmett? That does refresh -yes, he's in homicide.

23 Q. So, you had seen -- is it fair to say that 24 maybe within a week or so of this, that there was an IAP, but it was on a day you were not regularly



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scheduled, so you didn't think you were going to be involved? 2

3 A. I think that's fair, yeah. I would say 4 within a week I saw it.

- Q. Okay. And then within 12 hours of the actual operation, somebody contacted you and asked if you would volunteer.
- 8 A. That's just an estimated time. But, yes, 9 someone contacted me -- my boss contacted me and said, "Hey, the other team needs some additional 10 bodies to help out with this warrant. Can you get 11 12 some guys?"
 - Q. That's Sergeant Bronkavich (sic)?
 - A. Bonkavich, yes, he advised -- yes, sir.
- 15 Q. And so, was your intention that day, then, like, you would essentially go to work early, do 16
- 17 this SWAT action, and then work your regular shift,
- 18 which I think you said started at 2:00?
- A. 2:00 p.m. That was my -- the day of the 19 operation was my RDO, my day off. So I went in on my day off. So what would have occurred is, I would 21 22 have went in, done the operation, and gone home.
- 23 Q. And when you use the abbreviation RDO, does that mean Regular Day Off? 24
- 25 A. Yes.

- address we were going to, I knew that we were going
- 2 after the investigation of a homicide. I saw the
- 3 suspects that were identified. I familiarized
- 4 myself with that. I familiarized myself with the
- 5 tactical plan prior to the brief. Looked at my job,
- seeing what my roles and responsibilities were.
- 7 Made sure that the stun stick was prepped. It was 8 already done for me. That's how I familiarized 9
 - myself with the actual operation.

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- Q. Who prepped the stun stick for you?
- 11 A. I don't -- I don't recall. Whoever the -so basically, our stun stick resides inside of the 12 13 equipment truck. So whoever was driving the 14 equipment truck at that time, he -- he probably did 15 it.
 - Q. Now, the SWAT tactical briefing actually occurred in a parking lot at Sam's Town; is that accurate?
 - A. Yeah. I believe it was the south lot.
- 20 Q. Okay. I think the underlying murder they 21 were investigating also occurred at Sam's Town. 22 Were you aware of that?
 - A. I wasn't aware of that.
 - Q. As far as you know, is that just a coincidence? Did they select that intentionally?

Q. And so, an IAP had circulated by e-mail. 1 Did you read the IAP? 2

- 3 A. No, I did not.
- Q. Did you read it at all before you went to 4
- 5 the tactical review?
- A. No, I did not. I'll be honest with you, 6 sir. I skimmed through it, I looked -- once I 7
- looked at the date and saw that they -- our team was not needed, I was, like, hey -- I did not.
- 10 Q. So just to be clear, then, before, you know, 5:00 a.m. on January 10, 2022, when the shooting occurred, approximately, you had not
- 12 reviewed the IAP. 13
 - A. No, sir.

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- 15 Q. And you had not reviewed the actual search 16 warrant.
- 17 A. No, sir, I did not.
- Q. And you had not reviewed the detective's 18 application for a search warrant. 19
- 20 A. No, sir, I did not.
- 21 Q. Okay. Is it fair to say, then, that all
- of your information about what was to be done and 22
- 23 how, came from the SWAT tactical briefing?
- 24 A. What I did is, the minute that I arrived, 25 I went up, read the information page so I knew the

- A. I believe that maybe -- I guess. I don't 1 2 know. I'm sure that incident happened well before 3 that, they selected that brief -- I don't know.
 - 4 Q. Yeah. The crime that they were 5 investigating occurred several months prior, and it 6 was -- it was a shooting outside of a casino.

Were you aware of any of the facts of the underlying crime before you took part in this search warrant?

- A. I was not aware of it until I took part in the search warrant and Detective Grimmett gave the prebrief before they started the tactical plan.
- Q. Okay. And so you indicated that Detective 13 Grimmett did the briefing. Did he take the lead on 14 15 the briefing?
- 16 A. They asked him to do it. He basically 17 explained everything.
- Q. Okay. Was Sergeant Garth Finley also 18 19 present?
- 20 A. Sergeant Garth Finley was there, yes, sir.
 - Q. And did he also conduct the briefing?
- 22 A. He didn't do anything. He was one of the 23 team leaders at the time. I don't believe he spoke. 24 I can't recall.
 - Q. So, if I wanted to sit down and talk to



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the person who actually was in charge of doing the tactical briefing, that was Detective Grimmett?

3 A. The tactical briefing?

Q. Yes.

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A. He just basically briefed the information

and the circumstances surrounding the case and why 6

we were there. The tactical briefing was done by

the reconnaissance officers and then Assistant Team

Leader Warren -- Werner. 9

10 Q. Okay. And who were the reconnaissance 11 officers?

A. It was several. Because we were going to 12

hit -- we were actually going to serve two warrants,

I believe, simultaneously. But then they decided to

only do one structure. So I believe there was four

16 officers that were involved in that recon. I

17 believe it was Officer Brosnahan, who is now

18 Sergeant Brosnahan, Officer Kubla was involved,

19 Officer Hoskins, who is now a sergeant was involved.

I know that Officer Werner, I believe, did go. And

21 I'll be honest with you, sir, if anyone else went, I

22 don't -- I don't know. Those are the four I can

23 honestly tell you were involved.

24 Q. The person that conducted the SWAT portion 25 of the tactical briefing, though, that was Assistant

1 Q. Werner, sorry. W-a-r-n-e-r?

A. No, sir. W-e-r-n-e-r.

3 Q. Okay. So, as best as you can recall, you

know, even verbatim if you can recall, what were you

5 told by Officer Werner?

A. Officer Werner, when I went over, we 7 actually started talking about the diagram. Being an ATL, I'm actually the senior ATL. I was talking 8

9 to him about his approach and looking at things,

10 asking questions. Just like, hey, what is your

11 thoughts with, you know, breach and all this.

12 I was, like, "Hey, where do you need me to 13 be?" He showed me in the stack where he wanted me

14 to be. We just kind of went over the diagram

15 together, went over where I was going to be in the

16 stack. And then where I would be placing the stun 17 stick.

18 Q. And when you say "the stack," you just 19 mean --

20 A. Our entry line.

Q. The order of --

22 A. The order of our entry line, yes, sir.

23 Sorry. SWAT, then go. My bad.

> Q. Were you told whether you were there to serve a search warrant or an arrest warrant?

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Team Leader Warren (sic)? 1

A. The reconnaissance officers went over the information page, the intel. They displayed -- they explained the diagram, the structure. And then it was turned over to Officer Werner.

Q. When you talk about the information page, is that a single page?

A. It's one page consisting of our event number, the address of the location that we're going to, the detective that submitted the search warrant, the crime, any weapons that are involved, any

suspects that are involved, kids are involved, dogs, 12 cameras, fortifications, our route, and I already 13

covered the location. 14

15 Q. Is it on, like, a little 8 by 10 sheet of 16 paper?

17 A. I would say -- we use poster paper, like, large white paper. I mean -- you know. 18

19 Q. Who's responsible for drafting the 20 information page?

21 A. Usually the reconnaissance officers.

22 That's their responsibility.

Q. Okay. So what do you remember being told 23 24 by Officer Warren -- it's officer, not sergeant?

A. He's Officer Werner, yes.

A. I believe that we were doing a -- just a 1 2 search warrant, not an arrest warrant.

Q. Property only.

A. I was not told that. I know that we were going after two people that are inside that were

6 involved in a murder case, or a murder

7 investigation. And that there were weapons inside.

8 That it was just not a search warrant for property. I mean, it was a search warrant for property, but we 9

had two heavily armed suspects inside that were possibly wanted for homicide.

Q. Okay. But were you aware that there was no arrest warrant at the time for either suspect?

A. Yes, I was aware of that.

Q. Okay. And just to put names to these people. The names of the suspects were Wattsel Rembert and Corvel Fisher?

A. I believe so, yes, those were the names.

19 Q. Okay. Were there any other suspects that 20 you can recall being discussed?

21 A. Unless I saw the information page, I can't 22 remember.

Q. I have it here in a minute or two --

24 A. Okay.

Q. -- and we'll look at it.

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94 1 In fact, why don't I -- let's go ahead and there were actually intended to be two locations. 2 2 The 3050 South Nellis and 4475 Jimmy Durante do that now. 3 (Exhibit No. 4 was marked.) 3 Boulevard. And it is a bit difficult to read the THE WITNESS: Thank you, ma'am. 4 information page from the picture. But if you look 4 5 above it, it's summarized, and it indicates that on 5 BY MR. BREEDEN: Q. So this will be labeled Exhibit 3, I 6 the information page, kids, elderly, surveillance, 6 7 believe 7 and fortification were listed as no. Dogs were 8 THE REPORTER: 4. 8 listed as unknown. And guns were listed as unknown. 9 9 BY MR. BREEDEN: With -- to the next -- beside the guns unknown, was in parentheses, small caliber used in crime. Do you 10 Q. 4, sorry, to this deposition. And I'll 10 just say for the record, this is Bates labeled LVMPD see that? 11 11 4377. This is a page from the CIRT report 12 A. I can -- I mean, you can't read it, but I 12 13 investigating this incident. 13 can see that, yes. 14 Q. Do you recall all of that from the 14 You see a picture there. Is this the 15 information page you were referring to? 15 briefing? A. Yes. 16 A. Yeah. I mean, it's right here, yes. 16 Q. Okay. Did anything about that strike you 17 Q. Okay. Now, do you know who took this 17 18 picture? 18 as unusual? 19 A. I don't remember who took this picture. 19 A. Anything strike -- reading that? No, not 20 Q. Did you see anyone taking pictures during 20 to my -- I mean, no. the briefing? 21 Q. If it says surveillance no, how could 21 22 22 A. I'm sorry, sir? anyone know whether kids or the elderly were inside? 23 23 Q. Did you see anyone taking pictures during A. So basically, there is questions that are 24 asked from the -- you know, the detectives. We also 24 the briefing? 25 25 look for any type of signs of kids. Kids' toys A. Yeah, we always have one of our guys take 97 outside, curtains, child curtains, you know, a photos after. One of our -- it depends. Equipment 1 truck guy. Someone always takes photos of the 2 Barney curtain or something like that. We look for 3 briefings. 3 ramps. You know, ramps at the doorway for Q. Okay. Did anyone have their body-worn 4 wheelchair access or something like that. Elderly, 4 camera on during the briefing? 5 they said based on the detectives' surveillance, 5 6 A. No. 6 they've never seen any elderly or children come or 7 go from that target residence. That's why they 7 Q. Okay. And why are you so certain of that? 8 A. We don't do that. 8 probably put no. Q. Why not? 9 Q. Well, it says surveillance, no. Doesn't 9 A. We don't video our briefings. We don't --10 that mean to you that they didn't do surveillance? 10 we don't do that. We just don't. 11 A. Their surveillance in here is cameras. 12 Q. Okay. Is it policy not to record the 12 That's what they're talking about, surveillance of 13 briefings? cameras. Any cameras that would obstruct our 13 A. It's not policy, we just don't. I don't 14 approach. That's what that means. 14 15 know -- I mean, I can't give you an exact answer why 15 Q. And what was your understanding of what 16 we don't, we just don't. 16 was meant by guns unknown, parentheses, small 17 Q. Okay. Have you ever seen a tactical 17 caliber used in crime, close parentheses? briefing where it was recorded on the body camera 18 A. That basically would let me know that 19 video? 19 there is a weapon that is outstanding, a small

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a crime.

his name? Shumpert?

briefing filmed.

A. As long as I've been in SWAT, no. I've

done -- I've done operations with the FBI, I've done

operations with North Las Vegas, Henderson, I've

Q. Okay. So you mentioned there were --

been around other SWAT teams. I've never seen a

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caliber handgun, that was used in the commission of

kind of getting a little bit more reacclimated to

it, I recall them also briefing out Rumpert (ph) was

We also were -- you know, now that as I'm

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James Bertuccini 98 100 1 1 Q. Rembert. but I don't recall --2 A. Rembert. Had photos posted, I believe, of 2 Q. Okay -him holding an MP5 assault rifle. I remember that 3 A. -- at this moment. now that I'm getting refreshed with some of this Q. Do you remember what property was to be 4 4 stuff, is that that information was given to us. 5 5 searched for? Q. Do you remember who gave you that specific 6 A. A firearm. And I can't remember -- if 6 7 information? 7 it's on here, if there was clothing or anything. 8 A. I believe -- I can't -- I'm going to be 8 But I remember it was a firearm and possibly 9 9 honest with you, I don't remember -- I can't clothing. It would have to be -- I would have to remember if it was Officer Grimmett -- or Detective look to see what the evidence was. 10 10 11 Grimmett or if it was the recon officers when they 11 Q. Do you remember what type of firearm? went through their information page. But I remember A. All I remember they briefed was a small 12 12 13 that information being passed to us. 13 caliber. 14 Q. Was it your understanding that if during 14 Q. Small caliber handgun? the search warrant you were to encounter either 15 15 A. Yeah. suspect, Mr. Fisher or Mr. Rembert, that you were to Q. And -- so you were assigned to deploy the 16 16 17 arrest them, take them into custody? stun stick. Who informed you of that? 17 A. Officer Werner. That's -- that was in his 18 A. We basically were going to detain them. 18 If they were located inside, they would be detained. 19 tactical plan. 19 They would be passed off to detectives. They would 20 Q. And who made that decision that you be doing the investigations and/or arrests at that 21 21 specifically would deploy the stun stick? Was that also Officer Werner? 22 time. Our job is to basically make entry into the 22

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structure, take anyone into custody or detain them 23 A. Yeah. He just needed extra -- additional 24 bodies for those positions. 25

Q. Okay. Now, when you do these, is it

arrests, that's -- I don't -- I don't deal with that.

Q. Okay. Well, what -- did you have an expectation that the suspects were going to be arrested if they were found inside?

that is inside, render it safe for the detectives to

do their investigation. If they're going to make

6 A. If there -- if they were going to be found inside, that was going to be the detectives' 7 decision if they were going to be arrested or not. We were never told that -- you know, I don't recall

there being any PC on them at the time. I don't --10 I don't know. I don't want to just misspeak on

12 something that I don't remember or recall.

Q. Okay. Well, I want to be clear about 13 what -- what you do recall. Were you told there was 14 15 an arrest warrant?

16 A. I'm reading here. I -- that someone -- I don't know if that was -- who had the answer here, 17 if this was me or Officer Werner. But I know

that -- I don't recall. I don't recall. 19 20 Q. Yeah. Because I want to know what you 21 recall, not what's on some CIRT report or somebody

22 else testified --

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23 A. If that was -- I mean, you know, I had 24 that CIRT report or CIRT interview two years ago. I mean, if it was in front of me I could help that,

typical that, you know, one officer will have the

2 battering ram, he's, like, the battering ram

3 specialist; one will be, like, the stun stick

4 specialist; one will be a ballistic shield person.

5 Or do the roles change? 6

A. We are all -- we are all very, you know, 7 confident in all of it. All the guys can do every

8 job. When we go into explosive work, we have 9 breachers that mainly do that. So there's no, like,

hey, this is the superstar stun stick guy. This is 10

11 the best ram guy. We're all capable doing all jobs. And that usually is decided by the ATL. So we don't 12

have, like, specific guys that only ram doors, only 13 14 utilize Shok Lock, only use stun stick. No.

Q. Is there any reason you're aware of why you were specifically selected for the stun stick?

A. I do not know.

18 Q. Okay. And then during the tactical 19 briefing, what was decided as to when you would 20 deploy the stun stick?

A. After the second announcement.

22 Q. Okay. So when you say the announcement, 23 was it discussed specifically what the announcement 24 would be, like, the exact language? 25

A. The exact language would be the entire



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address and then police department, search warrant. Full two announcements of that.

3 Q. Okay. So after the second time, police 4 officer, search warrant is stated, it was preplanned that you would insert the stun stick and deploy it

at that time? 6

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7 A. Including the address. With the --8 including the address, yes. So after all that was put out two times, I would then deploy the stun stick, I would insert it through the window, yes. 10

Q. And was the -- when the address was announced, was it also intended that that would include the apartment number?

A. Yes, sir.

15 Q. Okay. Why would it be important to include the apartment number with that announcement?

16 17 A. So that the people know that are inside.

18 And also surrounding areas. Because 5:00 in the morning, now people are going to start hearing this, 20 waking up, and want to come out.

21 Q. Okay. So there were a lot of apartments within earshot. And the purpose of announcing the 22 specific apartment number is to -- to make sure 23

24 people know what apartment police are there for,

25 right? 1 search warrant, and you heard somebody inside

2 saying, all right, I'll be there in a second.

3 Hypothetically, what would you have done? 4

A. If I heard someone say that?

Q. Yes.

A. Coming out. Like, hey, I'm walking out?

Q. Yeah.

8 A. I would advise that. I would advise that 9 on the radio, what I'm hearing.

Q. Would you have still inserted the stun stick after the second announce?

A. It would depend. It would -- the situation would depend. I mean, what if he's just baiting us? It would depend. If I could see that, I don't know. I would allow them -- I would let them know what I'm hearing. I would let -- hey, do you still -- I would advise, do you still want the stun stick to go? If I'm able to see something, he tries to arm himself, maybe he's trying to flee, then I would have probably inserted the stun stick to draw attention away from the team.

Q. Was it discussed at the tactical briefing who would make the initial announcement?

A. Yes. Officer Werner told that -- I believe it was going to be Sergeant Backman that

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1 made all verbal announcements from the bullhorn.

2 Q. Now, and we can listen to this later if 3 you really wanted to. But I'll represent to you

that I do think it was Sergeant Backman, and he had

5 a bullhorn.

6 A. Yeah.

7 Q. And he does an initial announcement with 8 an address and police officer, search warrant. And 9 then after that, all the other officers also begin

10 saying police officer, search warrant. Was that

11 discussed at tactical briefing, that the other

12 officers would also say police officer, search 13 warrant?

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A. That's basically an SOP for us. Is once 15 the announcements start and we're getting ready to 16 make entry, we will continue to verbalize that as 17 we're making entry. 18

Q. You didn't verbalize that, did you?

A. No.

Q. Why not?

20 21 A. Because the guys were already at that 22 point inside. I don't -- that's -- I don't say 23 police, search warrant. My job is to stun the 24 25

Q. Is part of the reason because you did not

1 A. Yes, sir. There's an apartment directly 2 above him.

3 Q. Was it discussed at all, any factors that might stop or delay deploying the stun stick?

5 A. Any factors that would stop it?

Q. Yes. 6

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A. So, basically, if I made an approach, and

I could see that there was any signs of kids, any

signs of -- anything that would cause any type of

safety issue, I would immediately call out "no bang"

11 or I would air burst it above. And I would

12 basically just explain and articulate to them why I

didn't do it. For safety reasons or I observed a

child. There could be a bassinet on the other side. 14

15 Yeah. I'm allowed -- I mean, we are all given

that -- that reason if we need to put a stop to 16 17 that.

18 Q. Okay. But it was preplanned that there

would be no delay between the second announcement of

20 police officer, search warrant and deployment of the 21 stun stick.

A. Unless I saw something, no. 22

23 Q. Hypothetically, what if they had done the

first announcement, you know, they finish police

officer search -- the address, police officer,

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want to disclose your presence at the window?

- 2 A. No, I pretty much -- once I was up there,
- he's going to know that we're there once I broke the
- 4 window anyway. Or someone is going to -- my
- presence is known by the insertion of the stun
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- Q. Was this specifically discussed, that you
- 8 would not take part in the announcements?
- 9 A. No, it wasn't discussed. But usually the guys that are on the stun stick are not making the 10
- 11 verbal announcements. Because we are within close
- proximity of each other, the announcements portion
- 13 of it would be covered by the -- the entry team.
- 14 Q. Okay. Did anyone discuss at the tactical
 - briefing the amount of time in seconds that should
- elapse after the announcements to allow somebody to 16
- 17 either admit or deny the officers' entry?
- 18 A. To answer your question, are we talking
- about timing, how many seconds? No. That was never 19
- 20 discussed, sir.
- 21 Q. Okay. Well, the plan was to not allow
- 22 that, wasn't it?
- A. Not allow what, sir? 23
- 24 Q. Not allow any time for somebody to come to
- the door and admit or refuse entry, right? That was

Q. Your act of breaking the window with the 2 stun stick is the first act of physical force to 3 enter that apartment, isn't it?

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- A. Yes, sir.
- 5 Q. Okay. It happened even before the first 6 use of the battering ram on the front door, correct?
 - A. And that was the plan, yes, sir.
- 8 Q. Okay. So that was preplanned?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. So how long was it planned before you 10 11 entered the stun stick before they would use the 12 battering ram at the front door?
- 13 A. So, the plan was, is it would be two full 14 announcements. I would insert the stun, clear it, 15 initiate the stun, and then the breach would start 16 to work.
 - Q. And no amount of time between the second announcement and insertion of the stun stick. It was supposed to happen simultaneously?
- 20 A. No. Distract would go, breach would then 21 start. That was the plan.
- 22 Q. I'm sorry, I think you may have 23 misunderstood my question.
 - A. Okay.
 - Q. The plan was, after the second

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- the plan, wasn't it? 1
- 2 A. The plan was basically for them to
- 3 verbalize, allow them -- letting them know that the
- police is outside and we're only going to wait, like
- we said, a reasonable amount of time. And at that
- 6 point, we end up breaching the door and go.
- 7 Q. Well, I mean, you said, and I wrote it down, in your earlier testimony, the very point of
 - the CET entry is to use speed, surprise, and
- 10 overwhelming action. You said that earlier, right?
 - A. Yeah.

- 12 Q. So, if you're using speed, surprise, and
- 13 overwhelming action, how can a person inside have
- any reasonable amount of time to come to the door 14
- 15 and respond to the officers?
- 16 A. That's once -- speed, surprise, and
- 17 overwhelming action is as we're making our entry in.
- That's -- that's what our speed is, is inside.
- 19 Our -- our surprise is that, you know, basically
- 20 utilizing the stuns and distracts to disorient and
- 21 drive their attention away from us. And then that
- 22 overwhelming action is, you know, the overwhelming
- presence of police department, search warrant, the
- 24 distracts continuing to go, you know, the dynamic
 - movement inside of the house.

- announcement, no additional time would be allowed to
- the people inside. Immediately after the second 3
- announcement, you would insert the stun stick. 4
- A. Immediately after the second announcement 5 my job was to insert the stun stick, yes.
 - Q. Who told you that?
 - A. The ATL and the sergeant who approved it.
- 8 Q. Okay. So you're talking about Werner and
- 9 Backman?
- 10 A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. Are you talking also about Sergeant
- 12 Finley?
 - A. Sergeant Finley, I'm sure he was involved
- 14 in it. I know that he was the primary sergeant
- 15 there, but I know that Sergeant Backman, Sergeant
- 16 Werner discussed the tactical plan. Sergeant Finley
- then kind of approved -- like, not approved it, 17
- because he doesn't have that authorization to
- 19 approve it. He over- -- he was more of the
- 20 oversight of that.
- Q. Did Sergeant Backman deliver any portion 21 22 of the tactical briefing?
- 23 A. Any portion of it?
- 24 Q. Yes.
- 25 A. No, sir.



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James Bertuccini

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1 Q. Okay. And it was preplanned that you 2 would use -- or the SWAT team was going to use a CET 3 entry as opposed to a Surround and Call-Out, or SACO entry, right? 4

A. Surround and Call-Out, yes, sir.

6 Q. Okay. And so, to your knowledge, who made 7 that decision?

8 A. So basically, the reconnaissance officers would go back to Officer Werner, discuss what they 9 saw, and then Officer Werner would basically present 11 a CET plan to the sergeant, who would then push that 12 up to the lieutenant, and it would get approved.

Q. Did you ever question why a CET entry was being used as opposed to a Surround and Call-Out?

A. No, I did not. The reason why I did not is, I was able to -- I saw the aerial photos. I saw the structure that they were looking at. I

18 understood why they were doing what -- a CET opposed 19 to Surround and Call-Out.

20 Q. And so, in your opinion, what did you see 21 that led you to believe that CET was better than 22 Surround and Call-Out?

23 A. It was going to be very, very difficult 24 for them to pull up armored vehicles. They had --25 they basically had a -- I believe it was an ARCO

Q. Were you told during the tactical briefing that suspect Fisher was wearing an ankle bracelet?

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A. I was aware of that -- or not aware of that, I was briefed that, yes.

Q. And so did that, then, lead you to believe that Fisher was not actually inside the apartment?

7 A. We -- made us believe that Fisher was not, 8 but -- I apologize for saying his name incorrectly. 9 Shumpert, Rumpert.

Q. Wattsel Rembert.

11 A. Rembert. That was still outstanding and could possibly still be inside. 12

13 Q. Did anyone brief you on the last time he 14 was seen at that apartment?

15 A. No, sir.

16 Q. Did anyone brief you on whether he had 17 ever been seen at that apartment? 18 A. No, sir. It was actually -- I take that

back. I believe officer -- the recon officers did -- did state that -- to my recollection, they did state that he was seen, you know, several weeks prior.

23 Q. What advantages would a Surround and 24 Call-Out have over a CET entry?

A. What advantages would it --

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station. I don't know if -- I can't remember if it

was to the north or to the south. But there was an

ARCO gas station that was -- you know, it's 5:00

a.m., people are going to get coffee, people are going to get gas, there was active people over 5 6

there.

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We would literally have to put a piece of armor in that parking lot. We would have to shut down and put a piece of armor off of -- I can't recall what the back street was, if that was Pecos or Nellis. It was wide open back there. There was so much space to where we couldn't actively contain the individuals without cutting down some wrought iron gates and pushing the armor in.

So I understood their thought process and their logic behind utilizing a CET versus a Surround and Call-Out. Because of the environmental factors of trying to contain the structure.

Q. And is that the only basis for your opinion?

A. Right now, yes. Oh, yeah. And basically, 22 they opted to go with the CET because of the two suspects inside. The violent tendencies, the 24 severity of the crime, access to weapons. All 25 those.

Q. Yes. 1

A. -- have had?

Well, basically, we would -- like I said, in a Surround and Call-Out, we would have landed armored vehicles. It would have been very tough to contain and utilize low lethality options if he was to come out and try to flee. Especially running towards a -- you know, Pecos. He had a lot of avenues of escape. It would have -- you know, you're talking about, you know, what advantage it would have gave us. The only thing it would have 11 12 really gave us is us slowing the action down and 13 trying to attempt to get anyone in custody -- take anyone out of the residence and get them into 14 15 custody.

Q. Would have provided more time for people inside, wouldn't it?

A. Would have provided more time for people, 18 19 also, that if they're committed to arm themselves 20 and fortify their position and location. Because at 21 some point in time, we were going to have to go up 22 there and breach that door.

Q. You would concede this is a small apartment with only a patio door, a front entrance, and a couple of windows, right?



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114 116 1 A. Yes. that ARCO station, this is the parking lot, I don't 2 Q. It's not a huge warehouse, is it? 2 know if they would have been able to get a BearCat 3 A. No, it's not a huge warehouse. But I've or any piece of armor around that to provide them 4 also, sir, I've been involved in a lot of operations 4 adequate cover and still be able to see the door. where we have done Surround and Call-Outs and people 5 Because from their distance from that have tunneled through sheetrock. That was just 6 parking lot to the door was a good 20, 30 yards, drywall and sheetrock that separated apartment to 7 maybe more. And that's just -- I'm just trying to 8 apartment. 8 speculate now off the top of my head. 9 9 So if these guys were looking to escape The guys that were on the back, the rear 10 and go through -- we've seen this happen. We've had 10 containment where I was off the stun stick, the guys this happen to us. And now we have a potential 11 11 that were off the 3-4 corner. --12 hostage situation, with the potential of an armed 12 THE REPORTER: The guys? 13 suspect that's wanted for homicide. So that's 13 THE WITNESS: -- which -another reason why they opted to go with the CET, 14 THE REPORTER: -- off the 3-4 corner? 15 15 THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. 3-4 corner, 16 Q. Did the briefing indicate who was actually 16 which would be the furthest north corner. I don't 17 inside the apartment? 17 know if we would have been able to -- there's no 18 A. Who could have been inside the apartment? 18 room. The buildings were so tight together, we 19 No. 19 couldn't get a piece of armor back there. So any 20 Q. Did it indicate that anyone had actually 20 type of armored vehicles for protection would have 21 been seen inside the apartment? 21 been in an ARCO station with people that are A. Did the briefing? 22 continuously moving and an open business. And then 22 23 another vehicle off of that street, which if it was 23 Q. Yes. 24 A. They -- you know, at, like, the moment of 24 Pecos or Nellis, I can't recall. 25 us going, is that what you're asking me? 25 And now there's a gate with a block wall 115 117 1 Q. Yes. Who was currently -that completely obstructs them from even being able to contain that. All that was, is going to be a 2 A. I can't recall, sir. 2 3 Q. Was it your understanding that you might 3 show of force at that time. do this and the apartment would just be vacant? 4 So those guys would have been on foot just 4 5 A. We've -- we've hit vacant apartments 5 behind shields. So if he presented himself out in a 6 several times where people say that they're in 6 Surround and Call-Out and wanted to flee or -- or there. We've -- we've had a warrant just a couple 7 utilize any type of force -- deadly force towards 7 weeks ago where people have said, hey, he's 8 us, we would have been at a disadvantage. So that's 100 percent in there. And it was completely empty. 9 why they went with the CET. 9 10 It happens. 10 BY MR. BREEDEN: Q. Do you believe that using a Surround and 11 Q. For officer safety? Call-Out entry technique as opposed to a CET entry 12 A. For officer safety as well, yes. And was feasible for this? 13 citizen safety. 13 A. Could it have been done? 14 Q. Is it public safety? 14

11 12

15 Q. Yes.

16 A. Can we -- we can do anything in SWAT. We 17 find ways to get things done. We will find a way to make it work. Do I feel it was -- it was the 19 best -- the best tactic at the time? No. It

20 just -- it would have been very hard for us to land an armored vehicle and put it in a position to give

22 us any type of tactical advantage at that time. 23 I wasn't on the recon, I wasn't the ATL, I

24 couldn't tell if there was enough spacing. So if this was the apartment, this is the door, this is

A. I just said that. And citizen safety.

Q. So, which do you think the safer entry technique is for people inside the apartment? A CET entry or a Surround and Call-Out?

19 A. In that situation, which what was briefed, 20 based on the severity of the crime and what these 21 guys were -- could potentially do, a CET would have been. 22

23 Q. So, is it your testimony that a Surround 24 and Call-Out simply was not feasible?

A. It's not that it was not feasible, it's

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just -- based off of those subjects that we're going after, the access to weapons, the location itself,

that's why they utilized the CET tactic. Could we

have down a Surround and Call-Out? Possibly. We

can -- we find ways to do a lot of things in SWAT. 5 6

Q. If this SWAT action was taken today, under the current policies and procedures for a property only search warrant, would a CET entry be permitted?

A. At this time, possibly not. Especially -if we had to, we know -- like I said, I wasn't 10 there. I don't -- I mean, I was there, but I wasn't 11 a part of the planning process. We would have tried 12 to find a way to get a BearCat closer, if we can. 14 So to answer your question, yes.

Q. So you're saying yes, if this same event occurred today, CET would not be approved?

A. No.

Q. I'm sorry, we're answering each other so that your response might be a little -- a little misleading. So let me rephrase it again.

If this same SWAT action occurred today, would CET entry be approved?

23 A. If we got this warrant today for a -- that 24 they were going after a property crime and possibly a suspect inside, we would have probably done a

I asked you if you believe that if you saw other

2 officers that were violating the civil rights of the

public, whether you felt you had a duty to intervene

4 and you said yes. You understand that you have that 5 duty, correct?

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A. Yes, sir, I understand that.

7 Q. So, when you observed the tactical 8 briefing, and you heard that the plan was to do two 9 announcements and then you were to use force, did you raise any concerns that you were not allowing a 11 reasonable amount of time for occupants to come to the door and allow entry to the officers willingly? 12

A. No. I did not feel that I was -- no. I was comfortable with it. I understood why they wanted it done. I was good with the plan.

Q. Okay. And would you agree with me that because whoever is in there is likely asleep, a person who is asleep would probably need a little longer time to wake up and ascertain things than somebody who was wide awake?

A. I could -- yeah, I could understand that, too. But we also want to make sure that we are catching them by surprise as well. To disorient, disrupt anything that they're trying to do inside as well. So -- especially when we're going after

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Surround and Call-Out on that in this environment 2 right now. Yes, to answer your question. Is that

3 correct?

Q. Yeah, I can understand your response.

A. Okay.

6 Q. I just wanted to make sure it was clear. 7 So what has changed, then, since when Mr. Williams was killed in January of 2022 and 8 today? 9

10 A. Well, what has changed is, you know, the IAP has obviously added a lot more information that 12 is needed for the service of these warrants. And

these are some of the things I've already kind of touched on, was when was the last time you've seen

15 the surveillance? Observations of anybody inside?

Coming and going. Like, stuff like that. Time of

17 day, patterns of life. Those are things that have

also been added. And these are the things that we

19 are forcing -- not forcing. We are asking the

detectives to do to make sure that the investigation

is solid. Because once we are utilized, we're such

a show of force that if we are there, we need to be

able to make sure that we're doing the tactics

24 safely and efficiently.

Q. Now, at the beginning of this deposition,

someone that's involved in a homicide.

Q. Well, if you're planning on surprising and disorienting them, how is the person going to tell that you're police officers and have time to come to the door and say, "Oh, yeah, you're here to serve a warrant? Come on in."

A. Well, we're also going to continue to make announcements, let them know. And we're also looking to get them to a point to where if we're 10 making entry or we're about to make entry, we want them to basically stop any type of action and be 12 able to comply with us as we're coming in.

Q. Well, you don't want them to stop willfully allowing you entry, do you?

A. We don't want them to what? I'm sorry, I --

17 Q. Well, look, if the person is in the process of coming to the door to say, "Oh, you're 18 19 police officers with a search warrant. Sure, come 20 on in. Here, you know, it's an open book. Do 21 whatever you need to do." You don't want to 22 interrupt that process, do you? 23

A. Not necessarily. We don't want to interrupt it. But we're also not necessarily -- in a CET, we're wanting them -- we are wanting to -- we



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122 124 mean, all -- everyone -- all of that goes into our 1 want them to just stop action, too, as well. 2 Q. Do you remember any officer raising any 2 concern when we're planning. 3 concern that a reasonable amount of time was not 3 Q. Do you remember any officer asking any being planned for somebody to come to the door and 4 questions during the briefing about any topic? 4 provide the officers entry? 5 A. Any topic? Topic of -- could you 5 6 elaborate? 6 A. No, sir, I do not recall that. Q. Yeah. Any topic in terms of what are 7 7 Q. Wasn't the planning of this essentially a 8 these people wanted for? You know, how many seconds 8 no-knock warrant? You were just going to do announcements and burst in? 9 should we wait? Who's going to do the 9 10 A. This was -- this was not a no-knock 10 announcements? 11 11 warrant. No. sir. A. That's all -- that was all discussed in 12 Q. Well, I know legally it wasn't a no-knock 12 the -- in the briefing. Those things were discussed 13 warrant. But there wasn't any reasonable amount of 13 in the briefing. Nothing about time and -- no, like time to allow somebody to get up from a sleeping 14 your -- to answer -- nothing about time and how many position and come to the door, was there? 15 seconds. That wasn't discussed. But who's doing 15 16 MR. ANDERSON: Objection, form. 16 the bullhorning and why we're here, yes. 17 Go ahead. 17 Q. Okay. But was that -- was that a one-way? 18 THE WITNESS: The other -- the thing, 18 In other words, the person doing the briefing just said, "Hey, look, Bertuccini. You're going to do 19 also, with knock and announce, and, you know, we've already covered it and you mentioned it yourself, is the stun stick." Or did anybody on any topic reach that we're also officer safety. The amount of time 21 out to ask a follow-up question to the person doing 21 22 the briefing? 22 that we're going to wait there is also a factor of how -- that we take into consideration, too. 23 A. No, sir. 23 24 So whether it's two seconds, six seconds, 24 Q. Now, I notice during one of your 25 eight seconds, fifteen, is it's also going to be --25 interviews, you indicated that as part of the 123 125 you know, is it a safety concern for us just waiting briefing, there was going to be a quote, outside. Especially dealing with, you know, 2 "contingency" end quote, plan, if a quote "breach continue to harp on it, someone that's possibly 3 longer than expected" end quote, occurred. Do you 4 4 armed inside. recall that? 5 BY MR. BREEDEN: 5 A. Yes. I mean, that's a -- that's a very

- 6 Q. Okay. But you guys are wearing body armor 7 and helmets, and some of you have ballistic shields.
- And you can take defensive positions. Nobody inside
- the apartment has any of that, do they?
- 10 MR. ANDERSON: Objection, form.
- 11 THE WITNESS: No, we don't. But we also
- 12 had an officer that was shot six times. And we
- also -- we also had a gentleman next to me who took
- two rounds into his shield. So I understand -- I 14
- 15 understand my -- my role as a SWAT officer and being
- 16 willing to wear that equipment and make entry.
- 17 But -- and we're risking things. But we're also --
- we also was just shot at, I believe, 18 times by
- 19 this gentleman.
- 20 BY MR. BREEDEN:
- 21 Q. When you were deciding for this to be -or when it was decided this would be a CET entry, 22
- 23 was the primary consideration, then, officer safety?
- 24 A. Officer safety, citizen safety, anyone
- else inside. Like I told you, people around. I

- common thing that they'll talk about, a delayed breach.
- Q. What was the contingency?
- 9 A. So, if they were going to -- if there was
- 10 going to be any type of delayed breach at the door
- with the ram, our ballistic breach officer would 11
- 12 step up and -- and basically start to utilize
- 13 ballistic breach compressed copper rounds into the
 - lock to continue to get the door open.
 - Q. Is that the Shok Lock?
 - THE WITNESS: The Shok Lock, yes, sir.
 - THE REPORTER: The what? Shock?
 - THE WITNESS: Shok. It's actually not
 - actually s-h-o-c-k, it's actually S-h-o-k, and then
- 20 Lock.

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- BY MR. BREEDEN: 21
- 22 Q. So, the contingency plan was to use a Shok 23 Lock?
- 24 A. That was our ballistic breach contingency 25 plan, yes, sir.

EXITAS

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Q. And if further you couldn't obtain a breach, would you revert into a Surround and 2 Call-Out?

A. We would at that point -- Jake, I believe 4 5 he stated that he would fall back to that corner so

that we still had eyes on, and I would continue to

work the window. Because at that point, the stun would have already been initiated. I would have had

that window completely raked out and I would have 10 had eyes into the target.

Q. Did any part of the plan involve a scenario where you would actually enter the apartment through the window?

A. No, sir. We would not do that on a -- on a search warrant, sir.

Q. Why not? I mean --

A. It's not -- it's just not an entry point

18 for us. If would cause -- it could cause safety,

harm, risk to us. We could get cut. We could get 19

hung up. It's going to -- it's an obstacle. It's

an elevated obstacle. So, no. We would only do

22 that on a crisis entry in a hostage situation if 23 need be.

24 Q. Okay. And you indicated in one of your 25 interviews that in the past during some of these 1 In the 24 hours before that January 10,

2 2022 SWAT action, had you consumed any alcoholic

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3 beverages? 4

A. No.

Q. Had you used any drug of any kind,

6 including prescription medication?

A. No. sir.

Q. Okay. And were those your normal waking hours that time of day? They weren't, right? Your normal shift was noon to 2:00?

11 A. I mean, I get up usually 6:00, 7:00 to go to the gym every morning. 12

13 Q. I mean, this occurred -- the tactical 14 briefing, what time did that start?

15 A. I believe it started at 5:00.

16 Q. Well, the action started at 5:00, so the 17 tactical briefing must have been before then.

A. I -- like I said, two years ago, you have better knowledge of it than me. I just remember around 5:00 a.m.

21 Q. And how long did the tactical briefing 22 last?

A. Usually, anywhere between 20 minutes -- I mean, I don't know an exact time. Sometimes some are shorter, some are longer, some plans are a

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little bit more elaborate and longer and more in

2 depth than others. Some can be just more standard.

3 It just would depend.

Q. Let's assume the tactical briefing 4 5 happened around 4:30 a.m.

A. Okav.

Q. On your regular day off, would you

normally be awake at that hour?

A. Not at that hour, no.

Q. Physically, how did you get to the tactical briefing, and who rode with you?

12 A. How did I get to the tactical -- I drove myself. I came from my home, I got to the brief, I 13 14 drove my personal -- not my personal truck, my work 15 truck where all my equipment is. Got dressed --

Q. Did you pick anyone up on the way?

A. No, sir.

18 Q. I'm going to review some -- some video 19 now. This comes from a body camera that I believe

was yours.

A. Okay.

Q. And just for the record here, so this would be the body camera video labeled as Officer Bertuccini's. And we're going to start it at the

25 time 12:58. But we should make clear that doesn't

briefings you have made tactical suggestions. 2

A. Yes, sir.

3 Q. Did you do anything like that during this 4 briefing?

6 your thought process for the stun stick here. He basically told me that he was able to pull up photos of the interior, of the layout, and saw that that window put us right into the living room. So that 10 as they were working the front door, if they got

A. I just asked J K what your -- what was

hung up, I would be able to basically see inside.

12 Me and Roth would be able to see the inside of the 13 entire apartment.

So if we did, you know, see people, we could see what was going on beside the door. If we needed to tell them, hey, you got a chair behind the door and there's -- hey, there's a guy coming to the door, like, we'd be able to do that.

Q. When you said you discussed that with J K, who --

A. Sorry, Officer Werner. My apologies. Q. So, let's talk a little bit more, then,

about the SWAT entry itself. And we'll look at some

24 video here. But let me ask you a couple questions

25 first.



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James Bertuccini 130 began to approach the apartment, are you wearing a 1 mean this happened at 12:58 a.m., does it? A. No. 2 helmet? 2 3 Q. That's Zulu time, correct? 3 A. Yes, sir, I'm wearing my helmet. A. Sure, yeah. You know better -- more than 4 Q. Is that, like, a tactical or bulletproof 4 me. But, yeah. No, it did not happen at 12:58 a.m. helmet? 5 5 Q. Do you use that term, Zulu time, when you 6 A. It's a ballistic helmet, yes, sir. 7 talk about --7 Q. Did you have a taser on you? 8 A. Yes, sir, I did. 8 A. I'm going to be honest with you, that's 9 9 the first time I ever heard that. So, no, I do not. Q. And you had your body camera on and it was Q. Okay. All right. So -- but it's your 10 activated? 10 understanding that basically, there is a seven-hour 11 11 A. Yes, sir. time difference here. So we're going to use the 12 Q. Were you wearing a bulletproof vest? 12 translated time, then, and I will tell you that this 13 A. Yes, sir, I was. video then starts at 4:58 a.m. I got that wrong. 14 Q. Okay. Would you use a different term It's an eight-hour difference, isn't it? This is 15 other than bulletproof vest, like a tactical vest? 15 going to start at 4:58 a.m. And I'm going to play 16 A. It's a tactical ballistic vest. it for a little bit and then I'll stop it and ask 17 17 Q. And did you have a handgun with you? 18 you some questions. 18 A. Yes, sir. A. Yes, sir. 19 Q. What type, caliber? 19 20 (Video playing.) 20 A. It was a 9mm Glock 17. THE WITNESS: If you wanted me to hear 21 Q. Did you have any other firearms? 21 A. I did. I had a secondary firearm with me. 22 something, I can't hear it. 22 23 BY MR. BREEDEN: 23 Another Glock 17. 24 Q. Okay. Did you have flex cuffs? 24 Q. It's pretty faint right now. 25 A. Okay. 25 A. I did. 131 133

Q. Okay. I'm going to stop it at 4:58:50. And so I'm going to ask you, and I know we haven't

3 looked at this too much yet, but do you believe that

is the video from your body camera?

5 A. Yes, sir.

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6 Q. Okay. And who were you arriving with at the beginning of the video? 7

8 A. Like I said, I drove myself to the brief.

We briefed. I rode with Roth in his truck. That

was the plan. Just Jake told us to -- Officer

Werner told us, hey, just buddy up. Take one truck,

12 limit the vehicle package, the number of guys on the 13

rails.

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Q. And you drove?

A. I did not -- I don't recall driving. I

16 believe Roth drove.

Q. Oh, okay. And why was it you were not on 17 the BearCat, then? 18

19 A. Why was I not on the BearCat? It was just 20 easier for us to drive in our truck, because how

tight the parking lot was. They wanted to try to

limit the number of vehicles in there. In case we 22

did have a down officer, we had a good ingress and

24 egress for medical.

Q. And at the time, then, when you exited and

Q. And we saw on the video, and if you need 1 me to replay it, but we saw that you retrieved the 3 stun stick from the rear of the vehicle.

A. Yes, sir.

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Q. Okay. And it was already loaded at that time?

A. Loaded and ready to go, yes, sir.

Q. Okay. Did you have anything else on your person, then, that we haven't already discussed?

A. Just everything on my kit, whatever my -you know, my kit, which is my -- my tactical vest. It's what we refer to as our kit.

Q. What -- what else would be on it?

14 A. Explosives, radio, medical pouch, medical 15 kit, notebooks, stuff like that. Initiators.

Q. I'm going to play the video here for a little bit, and then we're going to stop it, sort of as you round the corner --

A. Okay.

Q. -- to get to the rear window, okay? (Playing video.)

BY MR. BREEDEN:

Q. Okay. We're going to stop the video at this point. I stopped it at -- what on this video is 4:59 a.m. and 38 seconds. And I think as I 25



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James Bertuccini 134 stopped it, you could actually hear. And the time No more than one or two hits on the door and we'd go on the video varies from video -- camera to camera. 2 right to Shok Lock. That's -- that's me. That's, 3 A. Lunderstand. 3 you know, my, you know, tactical assessment of that 4 Q. But at least on your body camera video, 4 door. 5 you can already hear the beginning of the first And it would also come down to the frame. 5 6 announcement at this time --I don't recall if the frame was wood or metal. I 7 A. Yes. sir --7 don't remember them stating that. So would, if --8 Q. -- correct? 8 would that have changed my breach plan as the ATL? A. -- I do. 9 Yes. I believe it -- if you asked Officer Werner 9 that question, maybe it changes his breach plan, 10 Q. And did you recognize the voice as that, 10 too. But at the time, they did not see the wrap. 11 in fact, Sergeant Backman? 11 12 A. Sergeant Backman, yes, sir. 12 BY MR. BREEDEN: 13 Q. Okay. Now, you're in the line of 13 Q. And would you agree with me that the fact officers. And you walked by the front door to this 14 that there's a brass wrap is important when planning 14 apartment, didn't you? 15 the entry into this apartment? 15 16 A. I was shielded -- once that door was 16 A. 100 percent. Especially when it comes to 17 shielded, I went -- I went past it, yes. 17 the breach plan. 18 Q. Could you see that the front door had a 18 Q. And that should have been recognized at 19 brass plate? 19 the reconnaissance phase, shouldn't it? 20 A. From my vantage point, no, I could not 20 A. I feel, yes, it should have been seen. 21 Q. Do you feel that's a failure of the 21 tell if it had a brass wrap. 22 22 Q. Let me ask you hypothetically, if you had reconnaissance officers? observed a brass wrap on the door, what would you 23 23 A. I wouldn't say it's a failure. I would

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him know, hey, this could be -- and this is a thing 3 with doors. And I'm not going to get long-winded with this. Here's the thing with doors 4 5 (indiscernible). THE REPORTER: What kind of doors? 6 7 THE WITNESS: Metal foam filled doors. 8 Standard metal foam filled door in an apartment. And a brass wrap is an additional metal 9 10 plate that wraps around the locking mechanism, okay? 11 On the frame, if the door -- if the frame 12

A. If I was on the recon and I observed a

brass wrap, I would inform my sergeant. I would let

is wood, it's -- it's very simple to break that piece. You're going to get -- you're going to get that flex on it. It's going to -- you know, you're 15 going to bust that one by two. It's not going to be a problem. 16

17 With a metal frame door, and that lock that -- you're not going to really get the flex with 19 it unless you've got a guy that can really -- can 20 really hit. You know, utilize the ram to its -- the 21 most out of it, best efficiency.

22 So in that situation, I would have 23 actually talked with my sergeant about possibly placing an explosive charge on that door. Or, I would have had told the breachers that, hey, look. the door, then maybe it needed to be redone. I

say it's something that if they didn't feel they

got -- if they weren't able to get a good pass on

2 wouldn't call it a failure. I would -- I would

3 definitely state that that would need to be redone.

4 So those are questions that the ATL asked. Is there

5 a wrap? If they say, I don't know, then we'll --

6 there's -- another pass is going to need to be done 7 at some point.

Q. Because, look, anybody doing reconnaissance, not only can they plainly see a brass wrap on the door, but they should be looking for that, right?

A. They should be looking for it. But I will say this, sir. Is that there are times in certain apartment complexes that do have brass wraps. They'll paint that the same color as the door. So unless you're able to see those screws that, you know, are now painted that is holding that brass wrap in, it's tough to see.

19 Now, in his -- another thing, too, is, 20 what we also do is, if we can't get a good pass on 21 that door, we'll look at like apartments. Like 22 apartments did not have that wrap. So this was a 23 door that was -- that was placed on by either 24 maintenance or the owner. The occupant, sorry. 25

Q. Well, I'll let you know, I've seen

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have done?

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138 140 1 it. pictures of it, and this brass was -- was not painted. 2 2 A. I'm ready, yes. 3 A. Okay. 3 Q. Okay. Now, the window is a double pane 4 Q. But that's an important factor here, isn't window, correct? 4 5 it? 5 A. Yes, sir. 6 6 A. It is. Q. And there's nothing like iron bars on it. 7 Q. And this was not discussed in the tactical 7 A. No. But there's a solar screen on the 8 briefing at all, was it? 8 left side, which is why I opted to go to the right. A. No. 9 9 Q. Yeah. There's two things that you should 10 Q. In fact, did you even have -- well, you 10 notice about this window immediately, right? And had somebody with a Shok Lock. But you didn't have 11 11 the one is the solar screen on the left side. Why anybody with other explosives, did you? 12 is that important to you? 13 A. No, we did not utilize an explosive breach 13 A. The thing is, believe it or not, the solar screen could add an obstruction and a barrier into 14 on this door, sir. 14 15 Q. Now, we've talked about sort of at the 15 the window and could, you know, put a delay on reconnaissance phase, you know, what -- what 16 getting a good breach into that. And it also could 16 17 probably should have been done. But now, the 17 be a fire hazard. Which is why I opted to go to the 18 question is slightly different. Let's just say 18 opposite side. 19 hypothetically, look, you're the first officer in 19 Has it been done? Has -- does it happen the line. Coming right up on that door. You can 20 all the time? No. Could it happen? Yes. And I see a brass wrap clear as day on it, and no one has 21 want to avoid that. discussed that before. Hypothetically, what should 22 Q. Did anybody at the tactical briefing or 23 have happened with that additional information? 23 anybody in reconnaissance give you a head's up 24 A. If that gets noticed -- I mean, this is --24 before you rounded that corner, hey, there's going 25 being -- with my experience, as that -- if that was 25 to be a solar screen on part of the window? 139 141 noticed, what should have happened was, is once the A. No. I'm planning for it. I mean, I'm --1 breach was started to work, if they were -- if they I have a fire extinguisher in my backpack if I opted 3 were getting -- you know, getting resistance or the 3 to go to that. Could I have gone to that? Yes. door wasn't breaching, that Shok Lock officer or 4 Did I want to have any type of obstruction and delay even the No. 1 guy needed to call up that ballistic 5 the breaching of the window? No. That's why I breacher faster. That should have been done 6 opted to go to the right side. 7 quicker, in my opinion. 7 Q. Okay. And what's the second thing that is 8 Q. I'm going to play the video for just a 8 pretty readily noticeable about this window that's couple of seconds longer, as you approach the window 9 of importance to you? 9 10 so that we have a good view of the window and then 10 A. The blinds are closed. I'm going to stop it and ask you some questions 11 Q. Why is that important? 12 12 again. A. Because now, if I do opt to break the So, if I didn't state it before, we window, I need to make sure that once I clear it, or 13 13 stopped at 4:59 and 38 seconds. And I'm just going 14 if I clear it before I initiate the stun stick. 14 15 to play the video a little more here. 15 Q. The problem is, you can't see in, right? 16 (Playing video.) 16 A. Yeah. BY MR. BREEDEN: 17 17 Q. So, when you break out the window and you Q. Okay. So I've stopped it rather quickly deploy the stun stick, you have no idea at this 18 18 19 at 4:59 and 41 seconds. 19 point, is anyone on the other side? How close are 20 At this time, you are at what is the 20 they? You just don't know, do you? living room video -- or I'm sorry, the living room 21 A. I do not. window of the apartment, correct? 22 22 Q. And it's official policy to know those 23 A. Yes, sir. 23 things before you deploy the stun stick, isn't it?



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Q. And you have the stun stick, and it is

loaded with a distraction and you're ready to deploy

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A. Uh-huh. I didn't see any shadow, I didn't

see any, you know, toys in the -- in the, you know,

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framing or anything like that. So I was comfortable

- with my decision to go ahead and at least break the
- window. If I saw anything else that would have
- caused a safety issue, I would not have initiated 5 it.
- 6 Q. And a couple issues are, you don't want to 7 hit people inside with flying glass, right?
 - A. It's not going to -- I mean, yes.
- Q. And the other issue is, you don't want to 9 employ the distract device too close to them,
- correct? 11

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- 12 A. Of course.
- 13 Q. And, in fact, even manufacturer's
- 14 recommendations say, hey, you've got to watch out.
- You can't deploy these too close to people. 15
- 16 A. That's more of hand-held. This is in a
- 17 housing, which we are controlling the port. And my 18 job is to put that into the ceiling as high as
- possible. So it's not going to harm anyone. 19
- 20 Q. Did you have any expectation at all before
- 21 you rounded that corner whether the blinds would be
- 22 opened or closed?
- 23 A. I did not know if they'd be opened or
- 24 closed, sir.
- 25 Q. I mean, somebody could have driven by from

1 BY MR. BREEDEN:

2 Q. Okay. I've stopped the video here at 5:02 a.m. and five seconds, okay? And just going to ask 4 you some questions here.

5 But first of all, what is last time you 6 saw your body camera video from -- from that 7 morning?

- A. I saw it yesterday.
- Q. Okay. And before that time yesterday,
- when was the last time? 10
 - A. Probably when I did my CIRT statement. Two years ago.
 - Q. Okay. So prior to yesterday, it had been a couple years.
 - A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. All right. Now, we see on the video, you deploy the stun stick to the right pane.
 - A. Uh-huh.
- 19 Q. And so is it fair to say that there's kind 20 of two actions here. No. 1 is, you insert it and you break out the window, and then you're going to 22 pull it to trigger the distraction device.
 - A. Well, I'm going to insert it, break the window, and I'm going to look first. So that was --I'm looking first. I know he's calling pull. Well,

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I'm going to look first. On the first pull I got a

- soft primer strike. It didn't go the first time.
- 3 It went the second time.
- Q. Okay. Well, I mean, how long are you 4 going to look?
- A. I'm going to make sure that there's not, 7 like, a child or some type of safety issue on the
- 8 other side. I mean, that's -- it's my job to do
- 9 that. So it's going to be a second, you know, and
- 10 that's -- and that pull. So I'm going to make sure.
- 11 It was an open, clear area. I believe there was --
- 12 it was right by the TV that was mounted where I put
- 13
- 14 Q. Now, before you broke the window by 15 inserting the stun stick, did you ever see anyone moving inside the apartment? 16
 - A. No, sir, I did not.
- Q. Did you ever hear anyone inside, whether 18 19 they were speaking or moving around?
- 20 A. Prior -- after I broke the window?
 - Q. Prior to breaking the window.
- 22 A. No, sir, I did not.
- 23 Q. And prior to breaking the window, did you 24 believe that most likely the occupants inside were
- asleep at 5:00 a.m.?

the street and probably told you that in advance, 2 couldn't they?

- 3 A. They could have. I'm sure they could have, or someone could have been sitting out there. 4 5 But they didn't.
- Q. Okay. So, the first time you learned 6 7 either of the solar screen or the closed blinds was literally when you rounded that corner and were
- seconds away from deploying the stun stick; is that 10 accurate?
- 11 A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. So there was so little intelligence 12
- information or reconnaissance here that you didn't 13 know that until seconds before you had to make a 14
- 15 decision, right?
- 16 A. Yeah. I didn't know that there was a 17 solar screen until I wrapped it, yes, sir.
- Q. Okay. We're going to go ahead and play 18 the video here. We'll probably play it for a minute 19 20 or so --
 - A. Okay.
- 22 Q. -- and then I'll ask you some additional 23 questions.
- 24 (Playing video.)

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1 A. I mean, I don't know if they were

2 sleeping, if they were awake, if they were sitting.

- 3 I don't know.
- Q. Okay. But you and I can agree that mostpeople are still sleeping at 5:00 a.m.
 - A. I know I would be.
 - Q. And prior to breaking the window, did you
- 8 know exactly how many people were inside the
- 9 apartment?

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- A. No, sir, I did not.
 - Q. Okay. As far as you knew, there could
- 2 have been women and children and people unrelated to
- 13 the warrant in the underlying crime inside.
- 14 A. Well, per based off the recon, there was
- 15 no elderly or children, so I don't know -- you know,
- 16 that could have changed. But not to my knowledge,17 no.
- Q. And you didn't know the identity of anypeople inside the apartment, right?
- A. I mean, the only people that were listed
- 21 that we knew names of were the people that were
- 22 listed on the -- on the information page. But that
- 23 was it.

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- 24 Q. I'm talking about people actually inside.
- 25 A. No.

- 1 A. Yes
- 2 Q. Okay. And you're saying that you did that
- 3 in a second or so after you -- you broke the window

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- 4 but before you tried to deploy the distract; is that
- 5 your testimony?
 - A. Yes. I have to look.
 - Q. Did you see Mr. Williams before you
- 8 deployed the distract?9 A. No. He was off
 - A. No. He was off to the far left side.
- 10 Q. But literally, in terms of how close he11 was to you, I mean, your left hip is probably only
- 12 three or four feet from his head where he was in the 13 apartment?
 - A. I don't know. Maybe. I don't know.
- Q. Okay. Well, you would agree, where you're standing, he was in a reclining position, like, on a sofa or a futon just on the other side of the wall,
- 18 right?
 - A. On the left side, yes.
- Q. Yeah. Are you aware that the SWAT manual states that the stun stick is not to be used merely
- 22 to preserve evidence?
 - A. I'm aware of the utilization of the stun stick, yes. It's -- if we're going to insert a stun
- 25 stick, no matter what the crime is, it would be

- Q. You didn't even know whether anybody was actually inside or not, right?

 1 off -- v
- 3 A. No.
- 4 Q. Let alone who they were.
- 5 A. Correct.
- 6 Q. All right. And before you broke the
- window, did anyone inside indicate to you in any way
- 8 that they were going to refuse the officers
- 9 admittance?
- 10 A. Can you -- I'm sorry, I lost you half way
- 11 there. Could you repeat that, please?
- 12 Q. Before you used the stun stick to break
- 13 the window, did anyone inside the apartment indicate
- 14 to you that they were not going to provide the
- 15 officers admittance? In other words, open the door?
 - A. No, no.
- 17 Q. Okay. Let's see here. And if there were
- 18 occupants inside, before you broke that window, you
- 19 had no idea who they were or where they were in the
- 20 apartment, right?
- 21 A. No.
- 22 Q. Okay. And you would agree with me that
- 23 the SWAT manual for deploying the stun stick, it
- 24 requires you to be assured that the area is clear
 - 5 before you -- you use it, correct?

- 1 off -- we have to get authorization from the
- 2 lieutenant to use it no matter what the search
- 3 warrant is or what it is.
 - Q. But what does that mean -- I mean, look,
- 5 you're here on a property only search warrant. In
- 6 other words, there's not a warrant for the arrest or
- 7 the person, it's property only. And yet the SWAT
- 8 manual says, look, you're not supposed to use these
- 9 stun sticks just in order to preserve evidence. So
- 10 what does that mean to you?
 - A. Our SWAT manual states we're not allowed
- to use stun sticks for -- is that what it states,what you're telling me? Because we're allowed to
- 14 utilize our tools for -- for warrants. If we're
- 15 going to insert -- the only thing that we need
- 16 authorization for, the only thing that we need
- authorization for is if we're going to insert it, no
- 18 matter what the crime is. If we're going to utilize
- 19 a stun stick on a property crime, there's -- there's
- 20 artic- -- reasons behind that. Meaning, the
- 21 suspects inside have access to weapons. The
- 22 suspects inside have violent tendencies. They have
- 23 a violent criminal past. That's why we would
- 24 utilize that. And that would be authorized and
- 25 approved by the lieutenant.

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150 1 (Exhibit No. 5 was marked.) 2 THE WITNESS: So if it states --3 THE REPORTER: Wait, wait. Sorry. 4 BY MR. BREEDEN: 5 Q. So, looking at what's been marked as 6 Exhibit 5 for this deposition, this is an excerpt 7 from the SWAT policy manual. Its LVMPD 1508. 8 And if you look in the second paragraph from the bottom, it states, quote, "Whenever 9 possible, the device shall only be deployed when 10 11 area is visibly cleared," end quote. Do you see

- A. Uh-huh. But it also --
- 14 Q. Was that a yes?

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that?

- A. Yes, sir. It is. But it also states it
- should only be considered when tactics dictate that. 16
- 17 And those tactics and the severity of the crime and 18 the access to weapons is the articulation that we
- were able to use, and basically state to Lieutenant 19
- 20 O'Daniel for that authorization.
- 21 Q. So you would admit to me, though, it says, 22 shall only be deployed when the area is visibly
- cleared. You clearly used the stun stick to break 23
- the window before you knew it had been visibly 24
- 25 cleared, right?

1 right?

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- A. Yes, sir.
- 3 Q. It continues quote, "These devices shall

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- 4 not be deployed solely for the prevention of
- evidence destruction," ends quote. What does that 5 6 mean to you?
- 7
- A. I mean, what you said is, it shouldn't be 8 used for evidence destruction.

But the other -- the other thing is, once 10 again, I'll continue to say this, is that -- is 11 we're going to utilize our tactics to give us this 12 most safest and tactical advantage. So we utilize 13 that stun stick because of the people that we may 14 encounter inside of the target. Including the 15 weapons that were outstanding. That's why we 16 presented that to the lieutenant, who gave us the 17 authorization for it.

- Q. Now, the purported murder weapon that was sought in the search warrant was listed as a small caliber handgun, correct?
 - A. Yes. sir.
- Q. Similar to a Glock or something like that?
- A. Doesn't matter what size the weapon is or how big it is, a bullet is a bullet.
 - Q. That's not my question.

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The question is: Would you agree with me 1

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that if that gun is in the apartment, it's not something that can be easily disposed of, for 4 example, like flushing narcotics down the toilet?

- 5
 - A. No.
 - Q. Why wouldn't you agree with that?
 - A. You can't flush -- it's hard to flush a

8 gun.

- 9 Q. Okay. So you do -- you agree with my 10 statement --
 - A. Yeah.
- 12 Q. -- that there's really nothing anybody is going to be able to do in less than a minute to 13 14 dispose of the gun if it's in there.

A. No, they can't dispose of a weapon. They 15 can't get rid of it. But they can also reach for it 16 and grab it. 17

- 18 Q. So why was the stun stick being deployed 19 then?
 - A. Why -- why was it being deployed?
- 21 Q. Yeah. Why was it being used at all? I 22 mean, this policy says you're not supposed to use it 23 just merely to prevent evidence destruction. And 24 the evidence in this case, the gun, anyway, would be
- 25 difficult to dispose of. So why are we using the

- A. I would -- I will say that, yes. But I don't have to visibly clear to break the window. I
- 3 have to visibly clear in order to -- to initiate the
- 4 stun stick.
- 5 If I saw something and -- I broke the window and I saw something, I don't have to utilize 6 the stun. I don't have to call out. I don't have to initiate the bang.
- Q. So, it's your understanding or your 9 reading of this, that this -- this refers only to 10 deployment of the distract and not the breaking of 12 the window itself?
- A. This is deployment of the insertion of the 13 distract. 14
- 15 Q. Wouldn't you also want to not physically hit somebody with the stun stick itself when you're 17 breaking the window?
- A. That's why we have to visibly clear --18 19 that's why we have to be able to clear what's on the other side. Yes, the blinds were closed. But we 20 didn't -- I didn't see any shadows or anything that 22 highlighted a reason for me not to break the window.
- 23 Q. And you had so little visibility you 24 couldn't see Mr. Williams, who was just feet from you when you deployed the stun stick, the distract,

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Latia Alexander, et al. v. Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, et al. James Bertuccini 154 156 1 stun stick at all? was? 2 A. Once again, we utilize the stun stick for 2 A. I believe it was a soft primer strike 3 tactical advantage. For anyone inside, to 3 with -- just the way the pin pulled back. disorient, disrupt any type of action inside, to 4 Q. Has that ever happened to you before with 4 basically utilize that to once -- like I told you, 5 5 this stun stick? 6 is to -- if the guys got hung up at the door, we 6 A. It has happened -- not to me personally, would be able to use that as a breaching tool for 7 it has happened to other guys. the window to assist them on the -- on what's 8 Q. Okay. And aren't you trained to yell no 9 9 hanging them up. If they needed to pull back, we at discharge in the event that happens? least had eyes into the apartment and we could then 10 A. No. Basically, we -- we're -- with 10 11 11 continue with verbal commands if anybody -- to come that -- if that was to happen, if I did it twice, out, lay down, get on the ground, while they 12 two or three times, I would have yelled out no bang, 12 13 continue to work the door. 13 no bang, no bang. But that first one, I was, like, 14 Q. Okay. But I mean, you continued to talk 14 I must have just got a soft primer strike. I'll try about -- you know, we talk about one thing, which is it again. If I don't get it on this one, I will 15 announcements are given at the front door. Police 16 verbalize no bang, no bang. 16 17 officer, search warrant. You know, we're here to 17 Q. Now, somebody is also deploying a nine 18 execute a warrant. 18 banger around the same time, right? 19 A. Yes, sir. 19 But then on the other hand, we're talking about a desire to confuse and disorient people 20 Q. Was it intended that the stun stick and inside so they can't understand or comprehend those 21 the nine banger were going to be deployed at around instructions. Doesn't that seem to conflict with 22 22 the same time, or was one supposed to come after the 23 23 vou? other? 24 24 A. Yes. But it also is causing them to not A. No, it's supposed to be simultaneously. 25 continue with any type of reaching for weapons or 25 The reason for the nine banger is there was that 155 157 trying to flee. Those are -- those are some of the balcony behind where Rothenburg was standing, and 1 reasons why we utilize the stun stick for the 2 then there was another window that was in question. 3 disruption, for the disorient, for -- to kind of get 3 We did not know if that secondary window and that 4 balcony belonged to us. So the nine banger was 4 them out of their little loop. 5 Q. Now, the manual, and I'm not sure it's on 5 basically utilized as a deterrent if anyone was 6 this particular page, but the manual states that 6 trying to flee out of that -- out of that window. 7 Or that door. So that's why we utilize that, to 7 when you're deploying the stun stick, you should generally yell distract, distract, distract. basically, like -- to let them know, hey, stop. You 8 9 A. That's incorrect. We only utilize -- we 9 know, basically just to kind of stop their actions, 10 10 if that was someone.

only verbalize that over the radio when we are hand deploying a distract. And that's more of on --12 during a Surround and Call-Out.

Q. Why are you not yelling it, then, on 13 January 10, 2022? 14

15 A. Because I'm utilizing the stun stick. I 16 didn't need to. We don't do -- like I said, we only 17 verbalize when we're deploying a stun -- when we're deploying a distract on a Surround and Call-Out, or 19 if we're rendering a distract safe, which means it 20 didn't go off. So we don't verbalize that once 21 we're on scene, no. Q. And initially, you tried to deploy it and 22

23 it didn't fire, right?

24 A. Yes, sir.

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Q. And do you have any theory about why that

Q. What officer deployed the nine banger?

12 A. I just -- the only person I remember over there was (indiscernible). I can't remember who his 13 14 partner was. 15

THE REPORTER: Was who? I'm sorry.

THE WITNESS: Collingwood. I don't remember who his partner was, so I don't know if it was Collingwood or his partner that deployed it. BY MR. BREEDEN:

20 Q. And would you agree with me that a nine banger also makes sounds similar to a gunshot. 21

A. Yes.

23 Q. And, in fact, your partner, Officer 24 Rothenburg, had to ask you afterward whether that

was a nine banger going off, right?



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A. Uh-huh. It was in the plan. It was 2 discussed.

Q. Yeah. Shouldn't he have known it was a

4 nine banger? That should have been discussed in the

- tactical briefing, right? 5
 - A. It was discussed in the tactical briefing.
 - Q. Why do you think he was confused then?
- 8 A. I have no idea.
- Q. Okay. So even a trained SWAT officer 9
- couldn't necessarily tell the difference between
- 11 that nine banger and gunshots, right?
- 12 A. Yeah. He should have known that. That
- 13 was in the brief. That was put out in the tactical
 - brief. That was briefed back. That was well-known.
- Everyone knew that was going on.
- 16 Q. Okay. And then the nine banger deploys
- 17 nine different sounds of that.
- 18 A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Do you know what the interval time is in 19
- terms of seconds? Half a second?
- 21 A. Half a second. It's -- it's nine
- 22 munitions in there, nine different ports, within
- 23 seconds.
- 24 Q. So, at least would you agree with me, from
- 25 Mr. Williams' perspective, he has heard multiple

- distinctly -- and I stated this in my statement with
- 2 CIRT. I distinctly can tell the sounds of -- the
- 3 differential between gunshots and distracts. They

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- 4 sound similar, but I can tell when there's gunfire
- 5 going on inside of a structure. I've made entries,
- 6 several entries where I've been involved, and I've
- 7 been next to guys that have shot. I know the
- 8 distinction between it. Once I heard the gunfire
- 9 going, I made sure -- I put myself in a position of
- 10 concealment because I was -- I was armed, but I
- 11 didn't display my weapon at the time. My job was to
- 12 rake out the window. So, yes, I don't know if he
- was shooting at me or not, sir. I know he shot at 13
- 14 Officer Rothenburg.
- 15 Q. Did you observe Officer Rothenburg shoot 16 at Mr. Williams?
- 17 A. I did. When I -- when he took the first
- 18 two rounds in the shield and stepped back, that's
- when I actually drew out my weapon. And then that's
- when Roth closed the distance, covered that window, 21
 - and then engaged.
- 22 Q. How many times did you observe Officer
- 23 Rothenburg shoot at Mr. Williams?
- 24 A. I -- at least two rounds. I believe at 25 least two rounds.

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sounds that sound like somebody is shooting at him

- 2 before he does anything to deploy his weapon.
- 3 MR. ANDERSON: Objection, form.
- 4 THE WITNESS: I don't know what his 5 thought process would be. I mean, I could
- 6 understand, but I don't know.
- 7 BY MR. BREEDEN:

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- 8 Q. You could understand how a person could perceive those noises, just like Officer Rothenburg
- 11 A. I agree with you, yes. I could see how he 12 could perceive that.
- Q. And, in fact, the window had just broken. 13
- It might seem like somebody was firing through the 14 15 window at him, right?
- 16 A. I could -- I could agree to that.

did, and think they were gunshots?

- 17 Q. Okay. Were you shot?
- A. No. I don't know what had happened. I 18
- 19 don't know, but some of the stucco had come off the
- 20 wall at a high velocity and struck me in the leg.
- So I didn't know if I was hit or not. But I wasn't 22
- going to stop until I knew my guys were good. 23 Q. As far as you know, did Mr. Williams
- 24 attempt to shoot at you directly?
 - A. I don't know, sir. Once I -- I

- Q. Did you personally see any other officer
- shoot at Mr. Williams? 2
- 3 A. No, sir, I did not.
- 4 Q. Okay. Did you personally see Mr. Williams
- 5 fire any shots?
- 6 A. Did I personally see Mr. Williams fire
- 7 shots? No, I did not.
- 8 Q. Okay. Not including the stun stick, did
 - you ever discharge your firearm or any other device?
 - A. No. I never discharged my firearm, sir.
- 11 Q. When the shooting initially occurred, you
- 12 had never heard of Mr. Williams before, had you?
 - A. No. He was never discussed.
 - Q. Did you assume that the person who had
- 15 been shot was one of the suspects?
- 16 A. Did I -- I assume that -- obviously we
- 17 encountered someone that was armed and putting us in
- a deadly force situation. I don't know who it was.
- I didn't -- there was obviously someone in there 19
- 20 that was shooting at us.
- 21 Q. When did you first find out that it was 22 somebody other than either one of the suspects?
- 23 A. Honestly, probably not until -- I don't
- 24 know. I couldn't tell you, sir. I know it wasn't
- within several -- it wasn't within that day. It



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162 164 1 wasn't -- I don't recall. 1 shot. 2 Q. Okay. At some point, I believe it's in 2 Q. Who told you? How did you find out about 3

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who it was? A. I believe it was during my CIRT interview.

4 And that was it. 5

Q. The CIRT interview was approximately a month after the shooting?

A. Something like that, yes, sir.

9 Q. Okay. Well, had you read newspaper 10 articles or --

11 A. No. sir.

Q. -- anything about it?

13 A. I don't watch the news.

14 Q. After the event, as it turned out, neither suspect, either Corvel Fisher or Wattsel Rembert 15 were actually inside the apartment, correct?

A. No, sir.

Q. Meaning that that statement is correct?

A. Your statement is correct, sir, they were not located inside the apartment.

21 Q. And was any of the property described in 22 the search warrant ever found?

A. I do not know, sir.

24 Q. Okay. As far as you knew, was there any warrant to arrest Mr. Williams outstanding?

your CIRT interview, you indicate that you heard an officer yelling "tactical". Do you recall that?

A. Yes, sir.

6 Q. And so, when did you hear an officer 7 velling tactical?

A. When the shots were being fired.

Q. And do you recognize whose voice that was?

10 A. Jake Werner.

Q. And what response, if any, was there to 12 the tactical call?

13 A. So, I'm not going to put my head -- I 14 mean, I'm obviously not going to start looking into the window. I heard it called. I heard everyone 15

16 back up. I heard everyone ask Alex if he was okay. 17 I heard suspect down. So I knew that the threat

18 was -- there was no longer a threat. I heard one of

the guys say, hey, Levi, what do you need? And he 20 goes, I need this area cleared, which was the

21 kitchen. And then we immediately -- I -- they must

22 have already had taken Officer Kubla out. Because I 23 didn't even know that we had an officer shot.

Q. And we do hear that prominently, somebody yells, Levi, what do you need? Who is that yelling,

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A. No. sir. I do not know.

Q. Again, after the shooting, was there any

evidence of any ongoing criminal activity in the

apartment that was taking place before the SWAT 5 entry?

A. No, sir. 6

Q. It was just two guys in the apartment

sleeping, right? 9

A. From what I know, yes.

10 Q. Did you ever see Mr. Williams move after

he had been shot?

12 A. Did I ever see him move?

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A. No, I did not see him move.

15 Q. Did you ever hear Mr. Williams make any

sounds, like, words or moaning from him after he was 17 shot?

18 A. Sounds from Mr. Williams?

Q. Yes. 19

20 A. No, sir, I did not.

Q. Okay. We see a time -- I don't know if 21

you're physically present or not when he's moved 22

from the couch to the floor. Were you there to

24 observe that?

A. No. I was checking on my guy that was

1 and who is Levi?

> 2 A. Levi was on the Shok Lock. He was also a senior ATL, Assistant Team Leader. But he was just 4 not the ATL for that operation.

Q. And do you know who was yelling at him, 6 what do you need?

7 A. I do not know who that was. If you played 8 the -- I could -- I know everyone's voice, but I 9 don't know.

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Q. What, if anything, did you do differently 11 when you heard tactical called?

12 A. When I heard tactical, I just basically 13 backed -- I knew that something had happened. I

knew they got into a shooting at that point. And

15 they're going to slow things down. I'm going to stay calm. That's when I knew Roth had gotten hit. 16

Jonathan and his partner had came up, took our 17

18 spots. And I wanted to check on Roth, to make sure 19 he wasn't hit.

20 Q. Okay. So, you were there to serve a copy 21 of the search warrant, or the SWAT team was. Do you 22 know who had the physical copy of the warrant?

23 A. So, usually, you know, the detectives have 24 the hard copy that was signed. They'll always provide us a copy for our after action report. So I



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would assume at the time, either Detective Grimmett

had it or his sergeant or -- I know that one of our

- sergeants might have had a copy of it. I don't know, sir. 4
 - Q. Do you know if it was left at the property after everything was cleared?
 - A. That's a detective thing. Once it became a crime scene at that point, you know, that ID techs came out, that was a very large, dynamic scene. So I'd assume that it was left. But I don't know.
- 11 Q. We know now that at the time you broke out the window, Mr. Williams was sleeping on a couch in 12 13 the same room, right?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. And do you agree with me that it would be logical for a person, if they're asleep and they 16 hear the sound of a window breaking near them, that 17
- 18 they would wake up and look at the window?
- A. I would agree to that, yes. 19
- 20 Q. And so that would be about the same time 21 that the large flash from the distract ignited as 22 well, right?
- A. Yes, sir. 23
- Q. And would you agree with me that that 24 25 would affect Mr. Williams' vision?

- 1 Q. When?
 - A. Yesterday.
- 3 Q. Prior to yesterday, had you ever reviewed 4

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- any portion of the CIRT report? 5
 - A. No, sir.
 - Q. Did you review it yesterday?
 - A. Yes. I looked -- I read through it a little bit.
- 8 9 Q. Was there anything that surprised you 10 about it?
 - A. A little bit.
 - Q. What surprised you?
- 13 A. That there was, you know, talking about the -- you know, the knock and announce stuff. 14
 - Q. So even after the CIRT report came out, it wasn't provided to you to read, and nobody spoke to you or provided you any sort of retraining regarding the issues that the CIRT report found?
- 19 A. So, every time that we have an OIS or a 20 major incident or something, we'll always have a 21 debrief, a large debrief. Especially after -- so if you know, when we have an OIS, a lot of those 22
- 23 conversations and stuff can't be talked about
- 24 because they've been admonished while it's under 25 investigation. So once that was done, they did do

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a -- like, a larger debrief of it and kind of talked about some of the findings.

I was out of town. But I was made aware of some of the things that they had discussed. But like I said, that was two years ago. And then

6 Mr. Anderson kind of provided me a copy of some of 7 the highlighted things. I can't recall every one of

8 them off the top of my head. 9

- Q. So there was a debrief at some point, but 10 you were out of town and did not attend.
 - A. Yeah, I wasn't there.
 - Q. Do you know who conducted the debrief?
- 13 A. Usually what happens on those larger 14 events or OISs, it will be the entire section. And 15 usually, the sergeant and the ATL will go through 16 everything. I know that Lieutenant O'Daniel was 17 admonished in that, so I -- you know, she wasn't allowed to speak on a lot of that stuff until the 18 19 full CIRT investigation was over.
 - Q. But who actually conducted the debrief?
- A. It would have been Jake or Sergeant Finley 21 22 or Sergeant Backman, one of those three. It's 23 usually those three. And then it would be taken 24 around to anybody if they have questions or
- 25 concerns.

A. Yes.

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- 2 Q. In fact, that's the very purpose of that 3 bright flash, isn't it?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And in your CIRT interview, I believe it 5 6 was, you refer to that as a blinding flash, right?
- A. It's a very high candela, intense flash, 8 yes.
- Q. And you've also agreed with me in this 9 deposition that the sounds from the stun stick 10 distract, as well as the nine banger, those can be 12 mistaken for gunfire?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And would you agree with me that the stun 14 15 stick and the -- the stun stick distract and the nine banger, those could also impair a person's 16 17 hearing?
- 18 A. I -- yes, depending on how close the 19 proximity is, yes.
- 20 Q. You're aware that there was a CIRT 21 investigation into this event, right?
 - A. Yes.
- 23 Q. Are you aware of what the conclusions or 24 findings were?
 - A. I was made aware of them. Yes.



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Q. At this point, maybe we should take a five-minute break or so for everybody. We'll come back and I might have another hour of questioning. A. Okay.

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are going off record at 12:19 p.m.

7 (Off record.)

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are back on record at 12:25 p.m.

BY MR. BREEDEN: 10

11 Q. Officer Bertuccini, we took a short break. 12 We're back on the record now and you're under oath.

We were speaking a little bit about the CIRT report that was created over this incident. And according to the CIRT report that was prepared by Metro, they stated this. And, you know, they're talking about announcements made. Not by you, but by Sergeant Backman at the front door. But the CIRT report states, quote, six seconds after starting his announcement, Officer Bertuccini inserted the stun

21 stick through the western facing window, end quote. 22 Now, I don't know if it was three seconds 23 or six seconds or whatever it was. But do you have any reason to disagree with Metro's conclusion that 24 25 it was no more than six seconds?

never watched the body camera of any of the 2 shooters. So I don't know the exact position that 3 he was in when he decided to fire upon officers. 4

Q. Well, let's talk about that.

Mr. Williams drew a handgun. And he fired it on a group of a dozen or more police officers that were in full tactical gear, had him surrounded and outgunned. Do you agree with me that that's a pretty dangerous thing to do?

A. Pretty dangerous thing of him to do, yes.

Q. Him to do, yes.

A. To shoot upon officers, yes.

Q. Yes. It implies, don't you believe, that maybe he didn't really understand what was going on?

15 MR. ANDERSON: Objection, form.

16 THE WITNESS: I don't feel he didn't 17 understand. I feel he understood exactly what was 18 going on. They were sounding short -- search 19 warrant numerous times. And then he was 20 immediately -- our guys were immediately met with 21 gunfire.

22 BY MR. BREEDEN:

Q. Okay. Do you believe, then, that

24 Mr. Williams was simply suicidal?

A. No, I do not believe he was suicidal.

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A. Yeah, I'm not disagreeing with it.

Q. Okay. Do you believe that six seconds was a reasonable amount of time for Mr. Williams to arise from a sleeping state, hear and comprehend officers, go to the front door, ascertain that they are, in fact, officers and that they have a search warrant, and allow them entry into the apartment? Do you think that's a reasonable amount of time for that?

A. I do, because we were breaking a window. Obviously he's going to know, and they -- the plan was that they wouldn't start breaching the door until after the stun was initiated, which allowed more time.

Q. Okay. In fact, and you can probably see it in the video, the amount of time wasn't even sufficient for him to stand up, was it?

MR. ANDERSON: Objection, form.

19 Go ahead.

THE WITNESS: No.

21 BY MR. BREEDEN:

> Q. He was -- when he was shot, he was still laying down, wasn't he?

> A. I don't know the exact position he was in. When he was -- I -- I'll be honest with you, I've

Q. Okay. 1

> A. Because the gun was pointed to our -towards our officers.

Q. If he -- well, but -- but what I'm saying is, he's -- sometimes the phrase is suicide by cop. I mean, anybody who fully understands the situation, would not fire on officers under those conditions unless they expected to be shot back, right?

MR. ANDERSON: Objection, form.

THE WITNESS: I don't know if he was suicide by a cop. I don't know. I do not know. BY MR. BREEDEN:

Q. Okay. And you are not Mr. Williams, so you can't say for certain what he saw, can you?

Q. You can say what you testified earlier, that he was hit with a blinding flash to his vision around this time from the stun stick, right?

A. I know that I said that I -- the stun stick delivers a blinding flash. I don't know if he was directly looking at it, I don't know.

Q. Okay. And we discussed that even though there are announcements going on, there are also distraction -- noise devices that are designed to confuse and disorient him, right?

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174 1 A. The additional ones, the nine banger? situation with officers where he fired 18 rounds and 2 Yes, they were being -- they were being deployed on 2 struck an officer that almost lost his life. But I the exterior, yes. That shouldn't have -- shouldn't 3 do feel for his mother, yes. have inhibited his hearing to hear that -- the 4 Q. And do you think he did that fully 5 police and the search warrant. 5 understanding that there were officers there with a 6 6 Q. So why do you think a young man of legal search warrant? 7 approximately 20 years old would choose to fire on 7 A. I do not know, sir. I don't know what his officers? I mean, this seems like it's suicidal, it 8 mindset was. seems very foolish and very dangerous, unless he did 9 Q. Wouldn't you think it would be reasonable not fully comprehend what was going on. 10 for him, after hearing your stun stick distraction 10 A. I don't know what his mindset was, sir. I device and the nine banger going off, that he was 11 11 12 don't know. 12 already being fired at by someone? 13 Q. But you think -- and I'm not going to do 13 MR. ANDERSON: Objection, form. this. I'm not saying this to make it personal. But 14 THE WITNESS: I do not know. 14 if I went to your home this evening and I started 15 BY MR. BREEDEN: knocking on your door when you were dead asleep, you 16 Q. You would agree with me, that if a person think you could make it to your front door and have 17 is in their home or their apartment, and intruders a discussion with me in a period of six seconds from 18 18 come into their home, that that person is legally 19 a dead sleep? 19 entitled to use lethal force to defend themselves; 20 A. From a dead sleep, I don't know. It would 20 would you agree with that? 21 depend. My -- my front door and my bedroom door are 21 A. I would agree with that, yes, sir. very close together. 22 Q. Okay. Are there any changes to the IAP or 22 Q. Maybe not. 23 the way the SWAT operation was performed, that you 23 24 A. Maybe not. I don't know. 24 think could have been made to make it safer for 25 Q. Would you agree that that might be 25 officers?

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difficult?

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A. It could be difficult, yes, sir.

3 Q. I want to talk a little bit about the 4

aftermath of the shooting.

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Did you see anyone provide any type of 6 7 medical aid to Mr. Williams at all?

A. No. I knew that they were getting medical aid to him. I know that they were -- we had medical aid, also, to Officer Kubla. So I don't know how

11 long it took, sir.

12 Q. Looking back and knowing the end result, which was that a young man was fatally shot and 13 killed when he really wasn't even under 14

15 investigation for the crime that was being

investigated, and really wasn't even expected to be 16

there, is there anything you would change about how 17

18 this SWAT operation was done?

MR. ANDERSON: Objection, form. 19

THE WITNESS: No, sir.

21 BY MR. BREEDEN:

22 Q. Do you have -- any remorse or does it 23 bother you that Mr. Williams was shot and killed?

A. It's unfortunate that a mother lost her

25 son. But this gentleman decided to put himself in a 1 A. We have -- like I said, if we -- I like

2 the fact that we have added the surveillance of how

3 long, last time we've seen them. I do like making

4 sure that, you know, we have done -- all detectives

5 have done their due diligence utilizing -- whether

6 it's covert, additional units for extra

7 surveillance, takeaways, stuff like that. So those

are things that we have implemented to make sure 8

9 that the detectives are doing their due diligence.

10 To make sure that they have a strong investigation 11

for the individuals that we're going after, yes.

Q. And would you agree that the

reconnaissance could have been better on this apartment?

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A. I will -- I will -- I will say that the door, the missing of the brass wrap, was -- was very important. And that needed to be a re-look, a

re-pass on that, yes. And we've -- and we discussed 19 that.

20 Q. And is there anything -- just again

21 hypothetically, that you can think of that you could 22 change to make that SWAT operation safer for the

occupants inside, such as Mr. Williams?

24 A. No, not that I know of.

Q. Were you disciplined by Metro in any way



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1 over this incident?

- 2 A. No, sir, I was not.
- 3 Q. Were you given any retraining on any
- issue, for example, CET entry, as a result of this 4
- incident? 5

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- A. No, sir, no.
 - Q. Were you aware that the CIRT team found
- 8 that CET entries were only constitutionally
- 9 consistent with no-knock warrants, and were
- inconsistent with circumstances where knock and 10
- 11 announced had to be used?
- 12 A. No.
- 13 Q. Today during the deposition is the first
- time you're aware of that? 14
- A. It was -- reading their -- going through 15
- their -- whatever their conclusion was, that was the 16
- 17 first time I read that.
- 18 Q. That was yesterday.

controlled entry since then.

it's going to be a no-knock.

warrants and tactical teams.

Mr. Williams' shooting, aren't they?

- 19 A. Yeah.
- 20 Q. So even though CIRT concluded that well
- 21 over a year ago, you were not retrained or advised
- 22 of that conclusion?
 - A. We've been advised of it. I mean, we
- 24 haven't done a controlled entry since -- since that

Officer Kubla's incident. But we have not done a

Now there is a higher criteria for it.

Q. And these changes are because of

A. I think it's that, along with other things

that have happened around the nation with search

And usually we're only going to make a CET now if

happened. Actually, we did one shortly after

- 1 interview.
- 2 Q. Who admonished you?
- 3 A. I couldn't -- whoever did the interview.

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- 4 Maybe it was -- I think his last name is Roth,
- 5 Jeremy Roth. I can't remember.
 - Q. Was it a union representative --
 - A. No.
- 8 Q. -- or it was one of the --
 - A. One of the investigators.
- 10 Q. I don't want to talk over you. Frustrates
- 11 the court reporter.
 - A. I'm sorry. Q. So, I've reviewed documents that Las Vegas
- Metropolitan Police Department has produced as part 14
- 15 of this litigation. They have produced a brief
- 16 statement that you gave at approximately 8:57 a.m.
- on the morning of the shooting. Do you recall 17
- 18 giving that statement?
- 19 A. That would have been my FIT statement, 20
 - yeah.
- 21 Q. Your FIT statement. And do you recall who
- 22 took that statement from you? 23
 - A. I don't know his name. If he was sitting
- 24 here, I know what his face is. I don't know his
- 25 name off the top of my head.

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- Q. Okay. And then you gave a CIRT interview 1

 - 4 Q. I realize you may not remember the

 - A. I don't remember the dates, but if you 6
 - 8 Q. Okay. So you gave a FIT statement, and
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- 11

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- Q. Have you ever asserted your Fifth
- 12 Amendment right to remain silent when asked about
- this incident? 13
 - A. No.
 - Q. Have you ever asserted any rights under
- your Collective Bargaining Agreement with the Police
- 17 Protective Association to refuse to speak to anyone
- regarding this incident? 18
- 19 A. The only time was when I was admonished,
- you know, we weren't allowed to talk about it. But 20
- 21 that was it.
 - Q. So when was that?
- 23 A. That was the day -- I think I was
- 24 admonished shortly after, about a week after I got a
- phone call just not to talk about it until we do our

- on February 2nd of 2022; is that correct? 3 A. Yes.
- 5 exact -
 - have it, I trust you, yes.
 - then was it after the FIT statement that someone
- 10 advised you not to make any additional statements about the incident?
- 12 A. Yeah. We usually get admonished by CIRT to make sure that we don't discuss any other -- you 13 know, with anyone else involving the incident until 14 15 after the entire investigation has been done.
 - Q. And in the CIRT interview, they -- they actually say that your interview at that time on
- February 2nd, 2022 is being compelled. Had you 18 19 refused to give a statement at any time prior to
 - February 2nd?
- 21 A. I've never refused to give a statement.
- 22 Q. Okay. Other than the FIT statement and 23 the CIRT statement, have you given any other
- 24 statement verbally or in writing about what
- 25 happened?

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182 184 1 A. No. sir. 2 Q. I want to ask you briefly about Officer 2 Q. So you would describe yourself close with Kubla. Is he still employed with Las Vegas 3 them. Metropolitan Police Department? 4 A. Yes. 5 A. Yes, sir, he is. 5 Q. You're part of the SWAT team. Q. Do you still work with him? 6 6 A. Yes. 7 A. Yes, sir, I do. 7 Q. Okay. I think those are all the questions 8 Q. And is he still assigned to SWAT? 8 that I have. 9 9 A. He is. MR. ANDERSON: I have no questions. 10 Q. Okay. So whatever his injuries are, he is 10 MR. BREEDEN: Mr. Anderson, do you have not considered so disabled that he cannot still be 11 11 any? 12 on SWAT. 12 MR. ANDERSON: No questions. 13 A. No. But he -- due to his nerve damage in 13 MR. BREEDEN: At this time we will go off 14 his right hand he had to train himself to be a 14 the record. But there are a couple of things I left-handed shooter for his handgun because of the think the court reporter usually asks us to put on 15 dexterity -- finger dexterity in his right hand. 16 the record. Q. Okay. So let me ask you, and I realize, 17 17 I know that I will take a copy, and I've actually ordered an expedited copy of the 18 look, the real source on this issue is going to be 18 Officer Kubla. But as far as you are aware, what transcript. 19 are the injuries that Officer Kubla sustained? 20 Mr. Anderson? 21 A. Like I said, I haven't -- you know, I 21 MR. ANDERSON: I'll take a copy. 22 don't know his entire medical, you know, printout or 22 THE REPORTER: Do you need it expedited? anything. But he had nerve damage in his hand, arm, 23 MR. ANDERSON: No, I don't need it and hip. Where he was shot. And if that's 24 expedited. I don't need the video right at this 24 incorrect, I'm sorry, but those are the -- what I 25 point. 183 185 1 know. 1 BY MR. BREEDEN: 2 Q. I'm just asking as far as you have 2 Q. And Officer Bertuccini, are you going to 3 observed --3 exercise your right to review the transcript and A. Yeah --4 make changes, or do you want to waive that right? 4 5 Q. -- and what you know. 5 MR. ANDERSON: So, you have the right to 6 6 A. That's it. read it and then make sure it's all accurate. 7 Q. Okay. Are any of the defendants in this 7 Because it's videoed, I think you're fine. But if case -- I mean, you work with people and you've 8 you want to read it to make sure it's accurate, that probably worked for many of them for years; is that 9 she took everything down right, you can do that. 10 right? 10 A. I trust it. I'm good. 11 A. Yes. sir. 11 MR. ANDERSON: We'll waive. 12 MR. BREEDEN: So he'll waive. And so with 12 Q. And there's kind of a difference between somebody who's a personal friend of yours versus a 13 that, we'll go off the record. 13 THE WITNESS: Do you want these back, work acquaintance. 14 14 15 Are there any of the other officers who 15 ma'am? 16

are involved that you consider them to be personal

17 friends of yours, just beyond somebody that you work

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19 A. They're all personal friends. We're

20 brothers.

Q. So have you been to, like -- the other

22 defendants in this case, have you been to their

23 home?

24 A. All of them.

Q. You've met their families?

MR. ANDERSON: Yes, she needs those back. Anything with a sticker on it, make sure she gets. Those are hers.

18 19

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: One moment. This concludes the video-recorded

20 deposition of James Bertuccini taken on July 12th, 21 22 2024. We're going off record, and the time is

23 12:43 p.m. 24

(Proceedings concluded at 12:43 p.m.)



25

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```
186
                CERTIFICATE OF DEPONENT.
2
                LINE
                          CHANGE
     PAGE
3
 4
 6
 8
10
15
17
18
19
           I, James Bertuccini, deponent herein, do hereby
20
     certify and declare under penalty of perjury the
     within and foregoing transcription to be my
21
     deposition in said action; that I have read,
     corrected and do hereby affix my signature to said
2.2
     deposition.
23
                     James Bertuccini
24
                     Witness
25
                                                        187
                     REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
2
     STATE OF NEVADA
                             SS
3
     COUNTY OF CLARK
 5
           I, Tracy A. Manning, a duly certified court
      reporter licensed in and for the State of Nevada, do
     hereby certify:
           That I reported the taking of the deposition of
      the witness, James Bertuccini, at the time and place
           That prior to being examined, the witness was
     by me duly sworn to testify to the truth, the whole
10
     truth, and nothing but the truth;
11
           That I thereafter transcribed my shorthand
     notes into typewriting and that the typewritten
12
      transcript of said deposition is a complete, true
      and accurate record of testimony provided by the
13
      witness at said time to the best of my ability.
           I further certify (1) that I am not a relative,
14
      employee or independent contractor of counsel of any
15
      of the parties; nor a relative, employee or
      independent contractor of the parties involved in
      said action; nor a person financially interested in
16
      the action; nor do I have any other relationship
17
      with any of the parties or with counsel of any of
      the parties involved in the action that may
18
     reasonably cause my impartiality to be questioned;
      and (2) that transcript review pursuant to
19
     NRCP 30(e) was waived.
20
           IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand
      in the County of Clark, State of Nevada, this 18th
21
      day of July 2024.
22
23
24
                          Tracy A. Manning, CCR 785
25
```



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